McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXI. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1884. NUMBER 45.

McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B., B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport at [illegible] and arrives at 8:25 [illegible]. Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 1 p. m. and leaves at 3 p. m. Clermont & Colegrove Mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at [illegible] p. m. Kasson Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m. and departs at 2 p. m. on same days. Money orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 12 m. and 2:30 p. m. Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street. W. D. GALLUP, W. M.

C. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 155, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block. SHERIDAN GORTON, M. W.

[illegible] GALLUP, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post [illegible] G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block. B. F. WRIGHT, Com.

A. L. Hughes, Adj't.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Saturday evening at Backus Hall. [illegible] W. KING, N. G.

W. H. WICKERSHAM, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. [illegible], pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Class Meeting at 10 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teacher's Meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

BAPTIST.—F. H. GATES, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 7 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

EPISCOPAL.—J. HEBER McCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at [illegible] p. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—J. J. [illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Backus.
Ass't Burgess—Frank Moses.
Council—A. B. Armstrong, Wm. [illegible], A. D. Burbank, John Brennan, W. D. Gallup, Chris. [illegible].
Constable—H. L. Burlingame.
School Directors—[illegible] Gleason, H. L. McCoy, J. W. Brennan, J. C. Backus, E. L. Keenan, H. T. Wilson.
Justices—C. M. Smith, P. Ford.
Auditors—T. F. Richmond, W. Z. Georgia.
Overseers—J. C. Hamlin, A. D. Burbank.
Judge of Elections—S. J. Gifford.
Inspectors—S. A. Backus, C. M. Smith.
Assessor—Warley Gifford.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport, Potter Co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; C. M. Fuller, Bradford.
Member of Congress—W. W. Brown, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Members of Assembly—David Sterrett, Smethport.
District Attorney—C. [illegible], Smethport.
Sheriff—A. T. [illegible], Bradford.
Prothonotary—John C. Bradley, Bradford.
County Treasurer—C. C. [illegible], Bradford.
Commissioners—A. T. Palmer, Dallas [illegible], F. [illegible] Johnson.
[illegible], A. [illegible], Smethport.
[illegible]—[illegible] B. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Commissioners—D. F. Patterson, B. F. Clark.
Auditors—A. F. Brewer, F. N. Washburn, A. A. Stevens.
Mercantile Appraiser—J. H. [illegible], East Smethport.
Coroner—R. A. Dempsey, Bradford.
County School Superintendent—M. O. Campbell.
Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

State.

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.
Auditor General—John A. Lemon.
State Treasurer—Silas M. Bailey.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

BINGHAM ESTATE

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for and also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees
W[illegible], Dec. 24, 1878.

Notice of the Bingham Estate.

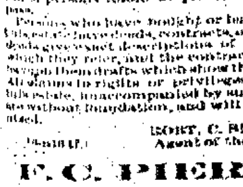
[illegible], Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 18[illegible].

[illegible] are hereby cautioned against [illegible] upon [illegible] lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. Any unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have upon them drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidence, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
[illegible] Agent of the Trustees

F. C. PIERCE,



Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

OFFICE—Over E. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf.

LIVERY

AND

Exchange Stables

At The Bennett House Barn.

G. H. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

NAVAL [illegible] BATTLES. [illegible]

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

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HAMLIN & SON,
LAW AND LAND OFFICE
Smethport, Pa.

Advice as Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

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STERRETT & ROSE,
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(Office in Grand Central Block.)
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BACKUS & GORTON,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
Smethport, Pa.
Office—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

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All legal business attended to promptly.

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All legal business promptly attended to. Examination and abstracts of land titles, Orphans' Court practice, and collections specialties.

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Office: Miner Block, Church Street,
Smethport, Pa.

J. K. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
BRADFORD, PA.

S. W. SMITH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
(NOTARY PUBLIC.)
Port Allegany, Pa.

R. McSweeney. B. H. Byles.
McSWEENEY & BYLES,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
ROOM [illegible] PRODUCERS' EXCHANGE,
BRADFORD, PA.

GEO. A. STURGEON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Room 10, Oil Exchange,
BRADFORD, PA.

G. A. BERRY. M. F. ELLIOTT. D. H. JACK.
BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER.
Office in Berry's Building.
Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

R. B. STONE. A. LEO WEIL.
STONE & WEIL,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
Office in Pompelon Hall.
Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,
ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,
Corner Main and Pine Sts.
Bradford, Pa.

JAMES C. BOYCE,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.
Office: Room 3, Cor. Main & Webster Sts.
Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. R. MAYO,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public,
Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

P. R. COTTER,
ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

E. D. REEVES,
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(Office in Roberts & Bradley Block,)
BRADFORD, PA.

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OFFICES:—Port Allegany, McKean county, and Coudersport, Potter county, Pa.

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OFFICE: Room No. 7, Rockwell House.
SMETHPORT, PA.

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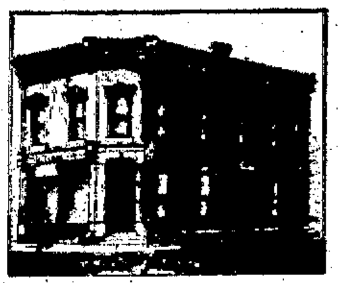

ELDRED, McKEAN CO. PA.

Capital Stock $100,000
HON. W. L. HARDISON .... President
D. D. MORIARTY .... Vice President
PITT O. BEASLEY .... Cashier

DIRECTORS—J. D. Downing, Dr. W. L. Christman, M. [illegible], W. A. Young, J. V. Ellis, D. D. Moriarty, W. L. Hardison.

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Stockholders individually liable. Money loaned on approved securities. Transacts a general banking business, makes collections on all points. Special attention given to all business entrusted to us.

Hotels.

WRIGHT HOUSE,
MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.
First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
H. S. SARTWELL, - Prop'r.
FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Tables and Bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.
NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.
W. D. CHAMBERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE.
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F. J. VICKERY, - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the B&K. A B. and B. N. Y. & P. RR. depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first class hotel. 29tf

BUCKTAIL HOTEL,
KANE, PA.
R. E. LOOKER, Proprietor.

Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best Hotels in McKean County.

AKIN HOUSE,
No. 8, Washington St.,
BRADFORD, PA.,
MARION AKIN, Proprietor.
Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. xviii15tf

Broezel's Hotel,
cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
First Class in every respect.
John Broezel - Prop'r.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVEINT.

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

WHY DO YOU
go away from home to
BUY HARNESS GOODS
when you can get
BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.
We employ none but
FIRST - CLASS WORKMEN,

All of our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

CALL AT OUR SHOP and we will convince you that we can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.
Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH
BITTERS

Protection.

No such protective against chills and fever and other diseases of a malarial type exists as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It relieves constipation, liver disorders, rheumatism, kidney and bladder ailments with certainty and promptitude. A change, as gratifying as it is complete, soon takes place in the appearance, as well as the condition, of the wan, worn, haggard invalid who uses this standard promoter of health and strength.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

Merited Success.

Dr. Hartman & Co.—Gents: Peruna sells very well here. I have ordered several dozen bottles since your agent was here. W. W. Steele & Co., Chillicothe, Ohio.

Am selling your Peruna. It gives universal satisfaction. G. W. Barrere, Hillsboro, Ohio.

Trade splendid on Peruna. We never sold a medicine that gave better satisfaction. P. Reed & Son, Pomeroy, Ohio.

The case of medicine you sent me came all right, and is doing me good. Others think so too, who have tried it. Please send me a dozen bottles of Peruna. Robert Logan, Topeka, Kan.

Your Peruna sells fast, and gives good satisfaction. J. C. Sanders, Martinsburg, Pa.

This great medicine can be found at all drug stores. Ask for it. Also the book on the "Ills of Life." Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

TURNIP tops suit sheep.

No Scrofula

Can be so deep-seated, so malignant and stubborn, that Parmelee's Blood Purifier will not be found helpful. It will effect a cure, if cure be possible. And if you are troubled with Boils, Salt-Rheum, Pimples, Rough Skin, or any humor whatever, just give the Purifier a thorough trial and you cannot fail to receive benefit from it. Price $1. per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist.

LET the boys gather nuts.

The Keys.

The kidneys and liver are the keys to woman's health. If these organs are in a healthy condition no fear need be entertained of sickness, for the system will cleanse itself of impure matter. If you have Headache, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Lame Back or Side, Failing strength, Langor, Excessive Flow of Urine, &c., remember they are the advance guard and give warning to more serious trouble such as Diabetes, Bright's Disease, &c. Parmelee's Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Kidney and Liver Cure is a sure for all these diseases. Price only $1.00 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist.

POOR fences make jumping cattle.

Restored by Magic.

Has the lake air and wind spoiled your complexion? Do you long for a preparation that will completely remove Moth, Tan and Pimples and leave the skin clear and soft? If so, you have but to buy a bottle of Hamilton's Oriental Balm, which is simply magical in the effect and perfectly harmless. It is used in all the best families and gives unbounded satisfaction. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist.

PUT the chicken quarters in order.

$50 goes if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corks, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by W. T. Callar. Price 50 cts.

FOWLS absolutely need some animal food.

LADIES' MEDICAL ADVISER.—A complete Medical Work for Women, handsomely bound in cloth and illustrated; postpaid for 10 two-cent stamps. Tells how to prevent and cure all diseases of the sex by a treatment at home. Worth its weight in gold to every lady suffering from any of these diseases. Over 10,000 sold already. Address NUNDA PUBLISHING CO., Nunda, N. Y. 32 3m.

POTATOES are safer from rot in small bins than in large.

Always Useful.

If you have Rheumatism, Neuralgia or any Sprains, Stiff Cords, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Sore Throat, &c., Parmelee's Universal Liniment will cure quickly and surely. If your Horse has Bone Spavin, Sweeney, Sprain, Bruises or Lameness of any kind, Parmelee's Universal liniment is the best possible remedy you can use. Large bottles 50 cents, ordinary size 25 cents. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

MERINO sheep will not winter well in droves larger than one hundred head each.

WHEN your ewes are lambing keep up their appetite and milk by giving them each a teaspoonful of Day's Horse and Cattle Powder every morning with their oats. Price 25 cents a pound package.

EMPORIUM continues to agitate the question of water works.

SOME one has declared conceit worse than consumption, and the comparison is a true one. Many are the "conceited" who cry down legitimate remedies, and who delude suffering humanity, whose only salvation is the immediate use of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

A ROLLER skating rink is being made at Driftwood.

ADOLPH BAILLOZ, carriage manufacturer, 119 Carroll street, Buffalo, N. Y., states: "I was troubled with nausea of the stomach, sick headache and general debility. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."

RENOVO feels the need of a system of sewerage.

FOR earache, toothache, sore throat, swelled neck, and the results of colds and inflammation, use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—the great pain destroyer.

SINCE St. John has visited Philadelphia and drunk the Schuylkill water, those reports concerning his withdrawal may have some foundation in reason.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

THOUGH numerous causes may operate to turn the hair gray, all that is needed to restore the natural color is Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. For more than twenty years its sales have been enormous, but we have yet to learn of its first failure.

IT is stated that Butler smokes fifteen cigars a day. If they are like the majority of high priced cigars this is certainly an evidence that he is a laboring man.—*Texas Siftings.*

CASES of weak stomach, dyspepsia and indigestion cured by the use of Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills. Small and easy to take.

AT the barbacue in Brooklyn, Thursday, they had an ox and a bull. The ox was roasted and the bull was toasted, and helped to eat the ox.—*Cleveland Leader.*

NEXT Tuesday will settle Cleveland's corrupt character.

A DOSE in time saves nine of Shedd's Excelsior Cough Syrup. 25 cent bottles.

HENRY CLAY is remembered by the bad Havana cigars made and named for him at Key West.

WHEN you want a medicine for internal or external use ask your druggist for Joseph's Oil. Take no other. Only 25 cts.

PUT under bonds—mortgages.

Wonderful Efficacy.

Some people are slow in telling what good things have been done for them, but Mr. John P. Daly, of Gilesville, S. C., says he takes great pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Brown's Iron Bitters in dyspepsia, fever and ague, and general debility of the system. He has personally experienced the satisfactory results from the use of this valuable medicine. Make a memorandum of this, all ye whose systems are run down. Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you.

The Guessing Pig.

A few days ago two men arrived in a town leading a pig. It was pehaps big enough and heavy enough to be called a hog, but they termed it a pig, and as they turned it over to the care of the landlord at whose inn they proposed to rest for the night, they explained:

"Be awful careful of that pig. He's a daisy—a new breed just from Scotland. We've sold him to a farmer out here for $50, and we don't want anything to happen to him."

The landlord locked up the pig and then began to think, and cogitate, and suspect. When the strangers had gone to bed he called in some of the "boys" and said:

"I've twigged the racket; them two fellows are sharpers and that's a guessing pig. To-morrow they will give you a chance to guess at his weight at ten cents a guess, and you will be cleaned out—only you won't! As the fellows sleep we will weigh the pig and beat their game."

Nobody slept until the pig was taken over to the scales and weighed. He pulled down 170 pounds to a hair, and the villagers went home and hunted up their nickels and dreamed of pigs, and scales, and sharpers through the remainder of the night.

Next morning the pig was led around in front of the inn, and before starting on his journey one of the owners remarked to the assembled crowd:

"Gentlemen, I'm going to weigh this pig directly. Maybe some of you would like to guess on its weight. I'll take all guesses at ten cents each, and whoever hits it gets fifty cents."

This provoked a large and selected stock of winks and smiles, but no one walked up until the pig man said that anyone could guess as many times as he cared to, provided a dime accompanied each guess. Then a rush set in. Three or four merchants put up fifty guesses each. A lawyer said about twenty would do him. Before there was any letting up in guessing, about 600 had been registered and paid for. Every soul of them guessed 170 pounds. It was curious what unanimity there was in guessing, but the pig man didn't seem to notice it. When all had been given a chance the pig was led to the scales, and lo! his weight was 174 pounds.

"You see, gentlemen, explained the spokesman, "While the animal only weighs 170 about 11 o'clock at night, feed him about five pounds of corn meal in the morning before weighing! You forgot to take this matter into consideration."

Then somebody kicked the landlord, and he kicked the justice, and the justice kicked a merchant, and when the pig men looked back from a distant hill, the whole town was out kicking itself and throwing empty wallets into the river.

Straight to the Point.

The Buffalo *Courier* prophesies the election of Grover Cleveland because Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and West Virginia are sure for him. If they are so, it is a shame to him—a northern man, a war democrat, as the *Courier* asserts but does not prove. For why are they for Cleveland? Because all of their voters who were rebels are permitted to vote, while all or nearly all of their voters who were loyal men are prevented from voting. In other words, the force and fraud of ex-traitors furnish the only basis which makes Cleveland's success possible.

This damning fact cannot be too often brought to the notice of union men, of honorable men, of good citizens. To join in making this solid south conspiracy against the suffrage successful; to aid in transferring the government to ex-rebel control, gained by fraudulent means—this is a serious thing to do. This southerner's rebellion against the ballot-box is only less heinously wicked than the rebellion of the same men against the government. How can a loyal man justify himself in lending the ex-rebels the aid they need to make their treasonable rebellion, their unlawful conspiracy, successful?—*Buffalo Express.*

Made a Republican by a European Trip.

Vanderbilt Cross, a retired capitalist, says: "I am not a politician, but have been a democrat all my life, and stuck to the old hulk when men of less courage but more wisdom forsook it for solid ground. I have just returned from Europe and am now a republican, blacker than the blackest. I am an American above all things, and when I found the English and European press advocating the election of Cleveland in the interest of free trade, for the aggrandizement of the selfish supporters of rotten monarchies, and to the prospective detriment of American industry and prosperity, I made up my mind at once that I must change my political affiliation and support James G. Blaine, the champion of American protection, for president. I intended to remain in Europe until just before election, but I became such an enthusiastic republican that I couldn't stay away any longer, and returned to labor heart and soul for the success of the republican ticket. I intend to do what I can to show the meddling tricksters of the old world that we, the people of this country, are able to govern themselves without foreign aid or advice. Many of my democratic friends have come out for Blaine. I would like to see the whole American people rise in their dignity and might on election day, and send a rebuke over the sea that would make thrones tremble and loyalists quake."

FOR nearly 33 years I have been a victim of catarrh. I have tried many remedies, receiving little or no relief. I bought one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and derived more real benefit from that than all the rest added together. You can recommend it as being a safe and valuable medicine.—A. L. Fuller, Danby, N. Y. As one having used Ely's Cream Balm I would say it is worth its weight in gold as a cure for catarrh. One bottle cured me.—S. A. Lovell, Franklin, Pa.

[illegible]

A Father's Advice.

MY DEAR SON—Your letter of last week reached us yesterday, and I enclose $13, which is all I have by me at the present time. I may sell the other shote next week and make up the balance of what you wanted. I will probably have to wear the old buffalo overcoat to meeting again this winter, but that don't matter so long as you are getting an education.

I hope you will get your education as cheap as you can, for it cramps your mother and me like Sam Hill to put up the money. Mind you, I don't complain. I know education comes high, but I didn't know the clothes cost so like sixty.

I want you to be so that you can go anywhere and spell the hardest word. I want you to be able to go among the Romans or the Medes and Persians and talk to any of them in their own native tongue.

I never had any advantages when I was a boy, but your mother and I decided that we would sock you full of knowledge, if your liver held out, regardless of expense. We calculate to do it, only we want to go as slow on swallow-tail coats as possible till we can sell our hay.

Now, regarding that boat-paddling suit, and that base ball suit, and that lawn-tennis suit, mind, I don't care about the expense, because you say a young man can't really educate himself thoroughly without them, but I wish you'd send home what you get through with this fall, and I'll wear them through the winter under my other clothes. We have a good deal severer winters here than we used to, or else I'm failing in bodily health. Last winter I tried to go through without underclothes, the way I did when I was a boy, but a Manitoba wave come down our way and picked me out of a crowd with its eyes shet.

In your last letter you alluded to getting injured in a little "hazing scuffle with a pelican from the rural districts." I don't want any harm to come to you, my son, but if I went from the rural districts, and another young gosling from the rural districts undertook to haze me I would meet him when the sun goes down, and I would swat him across the back of the neck with a fence board, and then I would meander across the pit of his stomach and put a blue forget-me-not under his eye.

Your father ain't much on Grecian mythology, and how to get the square root of a barrel of pork, but he wouldn't allow any educational institutions to haze him with impunity. Perhaps you remember once when you tried to haze your father a little just to kill time, and how long it took you to recover. Anybody who goes at it right can have a good deal of fun with your father, but those who have sought to monkey him just to break up the monotony of life have most always succeeded in finding what they sought.

I ain't much of a penman, so you will have to excuse this letter. We are all quite well except old Fan, who has a galled shoulder, and hope this will find you [illegible].

Your FATHER.

—*Bill Nye in San Francisco Ingleside*

It is Very Natural.

Hon. Titus Sheard, speaker of the New York assembly, writes that some time ago a friend of his in conversation with some Bradford (England) manufacturers, was told by them:

"We sent from Bradford in 1880, for the election of your free trade democratic candidate, General Hancock, $350,000, and if we in Bradford were sure that we could elect a free trade democratic president, we could raise from one to two millions of dollars."

Since the reduction of the tariff in 1883, the Bradford manufacturers have increased their shipments of woolen and worsted goods to the United States by nearly $1,000,000. It is simply impossible in the nature of things as long as human nature is what it is, that the English manufacturers should look on at a contest in the United States between the democratic party fighting for the free introduction of English goods and the republican party fighting for the upbuilding of American industries, and not contribute money largely in aid of the democratic cause. They raised $140,000 just before our change of tariff in 1846, "to influence the tariff question in foreign countries." The only foreign country in which they attempted to influence it was the United States. And how small a sum was $2,200,000 compared with the advantages which accrued to England from the tariff of 1846.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

What She Wanted Around Her.

It was a cool night in August—one of those nights when the dews of heaven kiss the end of a girl's nose and make it as chilly as a loaded ice cream freezer. Such a night as holds a girl's hand in its own until it gets so cold that the frost bites her finger nails. For an hour Celeste had sat on the front steps with Algernon, and listened to him talk politics and philosophy. Finally she remarked:

"It is getting too cold here; I must have something around me."

"Certainly," he said, jumping up, "I forgot that. Permit me to bring you a shawl," and he came back with a light wrap. "How is that?" he asked, putting it about her shoulders.

"I don't think it is enough," she answered, shivering.

"Let me get another," and he brought a heavier one.

"I am afraid I shall have a chill," she said.

"Is that any better?" he asked, bringing out a still heavier wrap.

"No, no. You don't seem to be able to get enough around me," and she shivered over closer to him.

"There's nothing else here," he groaned, "and I think I had better call your mother."

She was as well as ever when he saw her the next day, and now he wonders why the girl told a friend of his some men couldn't see through a mill stone when there was a hole in it she could put the entire mill in.—*Merchant Traveler.*

An Interesting Fact.

The prohibitionists seem to have sense. In Ohio, notwithstanding the enormous vote last year, closely approaching a majority in the entire state for the prohibition amendment, the separate or assistant democratic ticket on Tuesday received only an insignificant vote. It may be observed that the democratic prohibitionists mostly voted the democratic ticket, and the republican prohibitionists mostly voted the republican ticket.

In short, the prohibitionists are people who read and think. They comprehend that the temperance question cannot be settled by national legislation. It may be expected that in other states a great majority will follow the example set in Ohio. The number of those who think of throwing away their votes on a third ticket is likely to decrease from this time. In New York the democrats may expect exceedingly little aid from that quarter.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Ohio's Vote.

The following is a statement concerning the result in Ohio:

Almost complete returns are in from the official counts by County Clerks of the vote on Tuesday last. From these and semi-official sources the pluralities for the republican candidates on the state ticket are determined as follows: James S. Robinson, Secretary of State, 11,321; W. W. Johnson, Supreme Court Judge, 15,450; C. A. Flickinger, Board of Public works, 17,476.

The republican majority on the vote cast for congressmen is 18,416. The head of the republican state ticket is said to have been largely traded off. Later returns state that the prohibition vote was 9,520 and the greenback vote was 3,700. The total vote is 780,373. Last year it was 718,168. In October, 1880, it was 724,967.

KILLING OF THE CONDORS.

A War of Extermination on the Monarch of Vultures.

[New Orleans Times-Democrat.]

The announcement that the Chilian government has declared a war of extermination against the monarch of vultures—the condor—and offers $5 for every condor killed, justifies some remarks as to the possibility of the Chilian government realizing its purpose. The condor has indeed been declared "an enemy to the republic," and condor hunting has become a highly lucrative business; but when one takes into consideration the astounding powers of the bird and its wonderful habits, one finds it hard to believe that the government can ever succeed in destroying the species at any price. Shooting it on the wing is almost out of the question, for it sails at altitudes far beyond the reach of the human eye, and roosts on peaks immeasurably above the clouds. It has been seen at altitudes of 20,000 feet. It can withstand variations of temperature beyond human endurance, and hatches its young above the snow line—nevertheless, it rests quite comfortably on the burning sands of the southern seacoast. It haunts the whole western slope of the Andes—not only Chili, but Peru, Bolivia and Patagonia.

With the vast spread of its wings—often exceeding twelve feet—it can perform prodigious journeys in a few hours. Its eye is miraculously keen, for when no bird is visible in the sky, even with the aid of a powerful glass, if a mule or other animal in a convoy fall or die, the [illegible] from heaven. Latterly the birds [illegible] so increased as to form a veritable [illegible]—notwithstanding the fact that the condor lays but two eggs at a time, and that condor hunting has been a regular and lucrative calling for more than a quarter of a century. Traps are the only reliable means of catching them; [illegible] the day will certainly come when [illegible] shall be of no avail whatever. Condors have already learned to fear a gun; and with their wonderful sight it is absolutely impossible to get even within range of them. Birds soon learn to avoid danger, as has been proved [illegible] the erection of telegraph lines in the United States; few are now killed by flying against the wires. It will be strange that the condor does not learn to avoid traps instinctively.

When the birds find life in Chili or in Peru unusually difficult they have only to migrate further south or north, and propagate their species in other altitudes until they become so numerous as to migrate again to those regions which outlawed them. Then the work of destruction would have to be done all over. All things considered it seems impossible to exterminate such a race of vultures unless means of destroying their eggs can be devised; but nobody—not even Mr. Graham—would undertake to scale icy peaks 19,000 or 20,000 feet high for such a purpose. The condor is certainly gifted with rare powers of self-preservation; and it is not unlikely his huge shadow may float above the corpse of the last South American in that lurid twilight preceding the world's final dissolution.

American Snobbery.

[American Queen.]

Some Americans, by law made free and equal, are not above snobbery of the rankest kind. Worse than this, the American snob, to his own weakness, adds those of other countries; wears coronets on his plates and panels of his carriage which do not belong to him; speaks of his worthy fellow citizens who happen to lease land from him as a "tenantry." The farmer, too, he often calls a peasant. These expressions, belonging to an entirely different order of things, are imported into the American speech at a great disadvantage, and they are the evidence of a deeper feeling which underlies them.

Americans are very fond of uniforms and regalia. A shooting contest is an excuse for an order, and every velocipedist has a row of glittering baubles on his breast. Americans speak of mesalliances, and object to their daughters and sons "marrying beneath them;" and in every way show that those class distinctions they profess to despise exist with them as well as with the foreigner.

Would Look Dudish.

[New York Sun.]

"Yes, sir," said an enthusiastic citizen of a new western town, "we've got a right smart town, stranger. Why," he continued, impressively, "it's only six months old yet an' it's got two hotels, forty-eight beer saloons, twenty-seven gamblin' places, four drug stores, to say nuthin' of grocery and clothin' stores, and the best half-mile track west of the Missouri." "Any churches?" asked the stranger. "Any what?" "Churches." "You mean them buildin's with a long pint sticking up in the air?" "Yes." "No, we hain't got any of them. Thar was some talk about buildin' one, but we finally allowed it would look too dudish."

Cremation a Necessity.

[Philadelphia Record.]

The most ardent opponent of cremation, if he will note the rapid growth of the silent cities, will find himself convinced against his will that some other method of disposing of the bodies of the dead will in the near future become an obsolute necessity. Take, for example, Calvary cemetery, New York. Thirty-six years ago the first grave was made and the cemetery walls enclosed only ten acres of ground. Now it has been increased to between three and four hundred acres, and the interments already reach about 500,000, which number is increasing at the rate of fifty a day. And this is only one of New York's many burial places.

EUROPE'S ROYAL WOMEN.

Victoria and Alexandra—Ex-Queen Isabella—Olga, of Greece.

[Olive Harper in New York World.]

Queen Victoria I saw twice while in England—once on the platform of a railway station, and a second time walking in the grounds of Windsor castle. The first time she was accompanied by her suit and probably by her faithful John Brown, and the second time she had two little girls with her and a tall man servant walking sedately in the rear. The queen looked just as do her pictures, with the exception that her color and her eyes, her mouth and her gross figure all give her a very common appearance, and she looks like one who, were she not a queen, would be called a hard drinker, judging from her appearance. There is nothing regal, nor even dignified, in her manner or walk. She wears very large shoes, and dresses in deep mourning, with a widow's cap. She has no grace of figure or outline, and, in short, her whole appearance knocks to splinters the theory of patrician birth evidenced in appearance. Of course this is but a superficial judgment. Her daughter-in-law Alexandra, however, has every grace and dignity and attribute we involuntarily bestow upon princesses. She is everything that is noble and engaging, and she draws all hearts to her. Her children resemble her. Her features and form are those of the highest Russian type, and that type is model. Mrs. MacGahan, the widow of the war correspondent, who is now, I believe, in Toledo, and who is a Russian lady, resembles the Princess Alexandra very closely.

The Princess Alexandra is very often seen in London, driving about with one or more of her children, and is often met in the South Kensington and British museums, where I have seen her. She always dresses on these occasions with the most extreme simplicity. The empress of Austria, on the contrary, dresses with the greatest elegance at all compatible with the occasion. I have seen her many times in the Vienna exhibition, always dressed magnificently in satins and rare laces. She mingles freely among the people and displays her rarely beautiful smiles for all alike. She has the most superb head of chestnut hair, wavy and glossy, that I ever saw, and she walks erect and with a grace of motion seldom seen in women. She has large eyes, full of fire and spirit as well as affection, and is altogether a most beautiful woman, tall and lithe. I have seen her in royal pageants dressed in regal state, and on horseback, where she is indeed a splendid sight, dressed in velvet, gold-laced and bejeweled riding habits, and I have seen her on the Prater in the evenings, at the opera at night, and, severest test of all, at the exposition, under the hard and searching light of day, and I declare still that she is a beautiful woman. Once at the exhibition she stepped on my toes, and, I must admit, hurt my most precious corn, and she made more apologies than I should have thought necessary had I been the one to squeeze her imperial toes, and when she found that I could not speak anything but "American," she held quite a little chat with me, much to the scandal of her followers.

Very different to her in manner was the ex-Queen Isabella, whom I also met with the young King Alphonso, who, however, was not a king then, but just a nice boy of somewhere about 20. She is short, gross and fat, and with a most repulsive countenance wherein it seemed to me all the low passions predominated; rial and color, though it does not seem to me that any amount of jewels or robes could transform her into anything more regal. She went about cheapening different articles like a market-woman, and puffing and panting along, her huge bust and stomach shaking as she walked, and podgy hands thrust into immense gloves, altogether making a picture not pleasant to see.

Queen Olga, of Greece, I also saw at the Vienna exhibition, as well as afterward, when I was in Athens, and she is one of the handsomest women I have ever seen, queen or otherwise. She is rather tall, most exquisitely built, with small hands and feet, thick dark hair, large brown eyes, with eyelashes that are simply wonderful, and with a pure, cream complexion as rare as it is beautiful. She is very fond of horseback riding and looks well in the saddle, but I love her best when with her children or with ladies. She is irresistibly lovely and charming then. It is but fair to say that she is adored by her husband and her people. She is fond of knitting lace-work, such as is done in Turkey, and giving it to ladies who please her in any way.

I saw the empress of Prussia once only, and then but indistinctly. She was with the emperor, and they visited Vienna together. After sitting for hours to see the royal cortege pass the window, at last my patience was rewarded by seeing a carriage dash by as rapidly as possible, and in it were seated the grizzly old emperor William and a withered, frail-looking old woman, almost hidden in wraps and laces, and that was her majesty the empress of Prussia.

The Logic of Conquest.

[The Current.]

It is safe to say that, if there shall prove to be any way for England to keep Egypt, the land of the Pharaohs will be retained as a part of the British empire. Napoleon always favored conferences. They consumed time and bound nobody to anything. From the first gun that opened on Alexandria and Arabi in 1882, conquest has been the secret and logical thought. Says the first fisherman: "Master, I marvel how the fishes live in the sea!"—and the second fisherman might have answered as aptly: "Why, as nations a-land—the great ones eat up the little ones."

A Glimpse at Tunis.

[Cor. Boston Transcript.]

The town is small, flat, dusty and uninteresting. It has one broad principal street leading down to the railroad station, with numerous small, dirty lanes branching off from it. The streets were filled with Arabs, Moors, Jews, etc., of all shades and color. About the coffee-houses were groups of French and Tunisian soldiers, while the background was filled in with pigs, donkeys, dogs and camels. Here we first saw the peculiar costume worn by the Jewish women, consisting of a pointed cap, a blouse reaching a little below the waist, and tight white trousers, with small slippers protecting half the foot. As we passed along the street we saw several primitive flour mills in operation. Two mill-stones are placed one on the other; in the upper stone a long pole is fixed; to the extremity of this is attached a mule, which walks about in a circle, slowly grinding the corn into a coarse powder.

Two Definitions.

[Phrenological Journal.]

A London writer says, "the 'masher' is a fungus, not an honest mushroom, or even a respectable toadstool, but a wet, spongy, and unwholesome emanation from a rotten and poisonous soil, ridiculously overdressed, and starched up to the very eyelids, smothered like a girl in jewelry, decked out with flowers like a footman, idiotic in countenance, sparse in conversation, with a knobbed stick to suck; he has become an observed form of social cold veal." We hope this is sufficiently definite, although we might add, for the sake of the information of our querist, that a "masher" is a young gentleman who boasts of his remarkable powers of fascination over the ladies.

PROFESSOR W. A. HENRY: There is perhaps one bushel in ten that [illegible].

A STORY OF WEBSTER.

The Great Expounder and How He Helped a Teamster.

[Ben: Perley Poore in Boston Budget.]

Senator Silsbee, of Salem, contributed the following anecdote to those told illustrating the rural instinct of Mr. Webster. Once when the great expounder was riding alone in his chaise from Boston to Marshfield he overtook in Scituate a wagoner with one horse, deeply stuck in the mud, "with a load of staves." The road was so narrow at this spot that it precluded the passing of another vehicle. How far Mr. Webster was influenced by the question of detention did not appear, but he immediately in a kind manner offered his assistance to the man in difficulty, which was gladly accepted. Having stripped off his coat, at it he went to help his new client out of the slough. In the first place, he took the reins of the old horse, which he belabored with light blows, while the countryman hove at the wheel. This proving ineffecual, Mr. Webster put his own shoulder to one of the wheels, with the wagoner at the other plying the lash upon old Dobbin; but it was "no go." Some rails were then procured from a neighboring fence and the power of the lever tried.

There sat the statesman astride the elevated end of one, tugging with all his might, now joking, and now expatiating on the virtues of the lever, and the man of staves on the other, and each shouting at the old frame of a horse, but all to no purpose. Our hero was not to be foiled in this way, nor give up his case without another expedient and trial. "We'll try another additional argument," said he. So his own horse was taken from the shafts of his chaise, and, with part of his own harness and by means of a rope, was attached to the reluctant load, ahead of the old pony. There was strength enough now in the team to lift the load from the mire, but there was not a perfect coincidence of effort in the two horses. He of the wagon was a raw-boned, worn-out animal, the other a high-spirited, powerful horse. The word to start being given, the leader, by a sudden spring, would jerk his hinder companion down upon his knees before he was ready to give a regular "draw." The lash was then applied to the tardy animal, which would set the one of mettle to plunging and kicking. Thus they went on, alternately pulling and holding back, first one and then the other, the countryman "hawing and geeing" and Mr. Webster now and then lifting his lion voice, but all rendered useless by a want of concert in action on the part of the horses.

The scene had now become one of a highly-amusing character—the statesman's straw hat, which had been taken off by the wind and lodged in the bushes, his swarthy features sweating in the hot sun, his polished boots and fine linen considerably besmeared with mud. So amusing had the scene now become that my informant, who had been a concealed spectator behind an elder hedge which divided the road from the meadow where he was at work, involuntarily gave an audible laugh. This immediately caught the ear of Mr. Webster. "How is this?" said he; "we have an evidence in the case which must be brought on to help us carry our point." The narrator was accordingly discovered and summoned to the stand, and by this additional aid the man in limbo was soon set on his legs again. His joy at deliverance was great and his thanks profuse. "By gorry," said he, "we must have a drop of something to take after," and a tin tumbler from his wagon. Mr. Webster kindly consented, at his earnest solicitation, to partake of a little of his beverage, diluted with water from the brook, counseling him, by way of a toast, to keep himself clear in future of the law and mud-holes. After rearranging matters, and a partial ablution in the brook, Mr. Webster took his departure. The astonishment of the countryman was great when informed that it was no less a man than the great Daniel Webster who had been lifting and prying at the wheels, and he solemnly declared that he would have his vote for the next president.

The Cologne Habit.

[Exchange.]

Says a New York druggist: "I know a sad case of a young girl who was a cologne drinker. She was observed to be stupefied and incoherent, and it was long before her secret was discovered. At last the family doctor said that she was suffering from alcoholism. The declaration of the doctor was received with indignation. But the girl was watched, and at last detected in swallowing her cologne. The alcohol habit had by that time taken such a hold of her that she could not resist, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that she was reclaimed.

Hotel for Suicides.

[Chicago Times.]

An ingenious southerner has conceived the idea of opening a hotel for suicides. He acted upon the American idea of the largest liberty for the largest hallucinations. He proposes to let rooms and furnish board to gentlemen and ladies who contemplate self-destruction, and will furnish all modern conveniences. Each room will be supplied with a finely ornamented brass hook, upon which the guest can get up and hang himself at any hour. Gas, of course, will be furnished, that can be blown out before retiring, and pistols will be kept in the billiard-room.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice 15c.

"Rough on Corns" for Corns, Bunions. 15c.

Thin people. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.

"Rough on Toothache," instant relief. 15c.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu-paiba," great kidney and urinary cure.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.

For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dentist" Tooth Powder. Try it. 15c.

Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation; tasteless. 25c.

Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer."

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America! "Buchu-paiba" is a quick, complete cure. $1.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Payable in ADVANCE, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 75 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.
All advertisements are published at the rate of 15 cents per hundred line of space for one insertion; 20 cents for two, and 25 cents for three insertions. Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors and administrators notices, [illegible] for six insertions. Professional cards, not exceeding one inch [illegible] per year.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

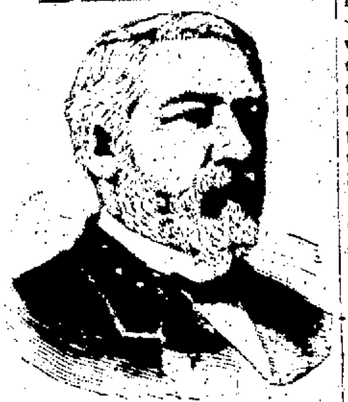
Obituary notices, over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

L. ROGERS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 31, 1884.

BLAINE



OF MAINE.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN A. LOGAN, of Illinois.

STATE.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large—William Lilly, Carbon; Calvin Wells, Allegheny; James Dobson, Philadelphia.

DISTRICT.
1 Edwin S. Stuart.
2 John Mundell.
3 Wm. J. McLaughlin.
4 Edmond L. [illegible]
5 Joseph B. Altemus.
6 Horace A. Beale.
7 Alfred Fackenthall.
8 Isaac McHose.
9 J. P. Wickersham.
10 Samuel R. Thatcher.
11 [illegible]
12 Daniel Edwards.
13 F. W. Sheafer.
14 Thomas S. Hart.
15 Joseph T. Jennings.
16 Joseph A. Ege.
17 Joseph R. Hileman.
18 B. F. Junkin.
19 Thomas B. Bryson.
20 Wm. P. Duncan.
21 W. J. Hitchman.
22 George T. Oliver.
23 Joseph Cohen.
24 Michael Weyand.
25 C. N. Randall.
26 Cyrus Kitchen.
27 L. D. Wood.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
EDWIN S. OSBORNE, Luzerne County.

XXVIITH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. W. W. BROWN,
of McKean County.

XXVTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

FOR SENATOR,
HON. LEWIS EMERY, JR.,
of McKean County.

COUNTY.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
ROBERT H. ROSE, of Smethport.
FOR SHERIFF,
A. F. BANNON, of Kendall Creek.
FOR PROTHONOTARY,
J. M. McELROY, of Bradford.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
ERNEST KOESTER, of Bradford.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
W. D. GALLUP, of Smethport.
H. A. RICE, of Eldred.
FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
A. P. BREWER, of Norwich.
GEO. N. BARRETT, of Keating.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Chairman—L. Rogers.
Secretaries—J. H. Whitcomb, T. F. Richmond.
Executive Committee—E. Andrews, J. W. [illegible]
Bradford city—1st ward, 1st dist., G. R. Allen.
do 2d " J. L. Andrews.
Bradford city—2d ward, J. A. Ege.
do 3d ward, J. H. Whitcomb.
do 4th ward, J. W. Shaw.
do 5th ward, N. J. Stanton.
Bradford township—1st dist., Sheldon Jewett.
do 2d dist., W. H. Pratt.
Annin township—M. J. Hadley.
Ceres township—F. R. Raymond.
Corydon township—Philip Rowe.
Duke Centre boro'—1st dist., W. E. Graves.
do 2d dist., S. M. Jones.
Eldred boro'—F. S. Armstrong.
Eldred township—C. M. Slack.
Foster township—1st dist., A. A. Foster.
do 2d dist., L. W. Taft.
Hamlin township—Dewitt Martin.
Hamilton township—W. J. Bartholomew.
Keating township—1st dist., T. H. Bentley.
do 2d dist., W. H. Hoff.
Kendall boro'—1st dist., J. C. Henderson.
do 2d dist., A. J. Martin.
Lafayette township—George Walter.
Liberty township—A. L. Holden.
Norwich township—Jonathan Colegrove.
Otto township—1st dist., J. E. Baldwin.
do 2d dist., N. S. Moore.
Port Allegany—P. Horton.
Sergeant township—Robert Dick.
Smethport—John N. Apple.
Wetmore township—George Griffiths.

We are confronted with the democratic party, very hungry, and, as you may well believe, very thirsty—a party without a single definite principle, a party without any distinct national policy which it dares to present to the country; a party which fell from power as a conspiracy against human rights, and now attempts to sneak back to power as a conspiracy for plunder and spoils.—Geo. Wm. Curtis, June, 1884.

YOUR ears will be filled with democratic lies up to the closing of the polls. Believe none of them.

LOOK out for roorbacks.

VOTE the ticket straight.

VOTE for Brown, the brilliant advocate of protection.

VOTE for Emery, who fights for the people's rights always.

VOTE for Rose, the incorruptible lawyer.

VOTE for Bannon, the workingman's candidate.

VOTE for McElroy, the representative oil man.

VOTE for Koester, the young men's candidate.

VOTE for Gallup, the upright business man.

VOTE for Rice, the representative of the Bucktails.

VOTE for Brewer, one of the old settlers.

VOTE for Barrett, the young farmer of Marvin Creek.

THE democratic dish of hodge podge is cooked, but the country will not have to eat it. It will again sit down to a feast of republican pie.

IF a democrat offers to trade votes with you on election day or at any other time, you may rest assured that he is certain to have nothing to lose but possibly something to gain by the transaction. Don't do it.

A CLOSING WORD.

This issue of [illegible] present political cam[illegible] concerned. It has [illegible] a w[illegible] to add to what it has already said and to what is said elsewhere in this issue. That word is *vote the ticket straight*, from presidential electors down to county auditors.

We have often wondered how it could be that honest, earnest, zealous republicans, who never waver in their party loyalty and who are always at the fore front of the battle in presidential election canvasses, should ever fail to vote any but a straight ticket, except for reasons that he thinks will affect the public weal. It strikes us as a queer thing that any republican should work hard for party supremacy in the nation and then desire to give his own county offices to the very men who do their very best to defeat him in and out of the county. It is strange for the reason that he simply puts into the mouths of his political enemies what he takes out of those of his friends and that is rank ingratitude.

It must not be inferred that we mean that no republican should ever scratch a ticket. Sometimes it happens that a candidate is set up for whom it would be an insult to ask a self respecting citizen to vote. This may arise, among other causes, from the personal unfitness of the candidate himself or from the character of the means used to secure his nomination. With us party loyalty does not merely mean invariably voting the straight ticket, regardless of its material or manner of construction. It means rather the preservation of the purity of its principles, officials, and methods of operation. We hope this statement is clear enough to make our meaning apparent to even the dullest mind.

Now, even with the definition of party loyalty stated above, we have not a particle of conscientious scruple about recommending and urging every republican to vote his present ticket straight through, from top to bottom, next Tuesday. In the first place, if any comparison between any republican candidate thereon with his opponent on the other or any other side in any particular unfavorable to the former, can be made, we are not convinced of its validity. They are certainly all good republicans and have amply proved their devotion to their party. That they are each and every one well qualified for the positions for which they are put forward has not been disputed even by their personal enemies, of which, by the way, it would be strange if they did not all have some. In the second place every one of them was nominated through the use of perfectly honorable means on his own part and that of his friends, and by the free, open and impartial operation of the rules and regulations sanctioned by the party and adopted for its government in each particular locality and case. If there has been the least complaint on it. We have heard the wisdom of some of the rules and methods disputed, but that has nothing to do with this discussion, which is, that of the total absence of their improper use.

All this being admitted and we do not know why it should be disputed what excuse remains to republicans for scratching or pasting their ticket? None whatever. In isolated cases, of course, the ties of personal relationship (blood, social or business connections) on the one hand, or perhaps individual grievances on the other, may and probably will influence a few votes, but these will affect each party about equally. We don't count these things. They operate every where in all parties and at all times.

The special point to which the foregoing is intended to lead is to seriously and earnestly urge republicans generally to allow no seductions whatever to turn them from voting their whole ticket. That the seducer's arts are and will be employed upon them is certain. As the MINER has heretofore intimated, the democrats are determined to elect, if possible, a part of their county ticket. They know they can hope for nothing higher and not all of that; therefore, they will bend every energy and sacrifice everything else to gain success for their candidates for Sheriff and Prothonotary particularly. They will trade their electoral ticket for votes for one or both of these, for they know that a ghost's shadow is tangible compared with their chance of carrying this state for Cleveland. They will trade their candidate for congress, for they have no hope in that direction either, their mongrel candidate having but one definite political idea, and that a decided opposition to anything like a protective tariff; their congressman-at-large will suffer in the same way and so would their candidate for senator if they had one; they may not thus slaughter Barney McCalmont generally, for they entertain a delusive hope of electing him. But they will trade either of their candidates for commissioner, for they don't believe they can elect both, and they don't care which is defeated so that they accomplish their end.

In the light of past experience and what is known of the present determination of the opposition, the conclusions above reached are reasonably and just. Being so we caution republicans against listening to any propositions of the kind. This county is naturally republican and it is reasonable to ask that republicans shall be elected, as representing the largest number of votes therein. There would be as much reason and sense in taking the bread out of your children's mouths and giving it to strangers as in deliberately robbing your friends and giving the proceeds of your robbery to your enemies. The republicans of this county are not under the necessity of trading for enough support to elect any part of their ticket. If they were they w[illegible] chance, for it would b[illegible] If the democrats were [illegible] of [illegible] all their me[illegible] the republican [illegible] son to [illegible] bo[illegible] you suppose any [illegible] up to trade would be made by them? Not any. Why, then, grant them what, under reversed circumstances, you know would be denied you?

It is in no pleading or whining spirit that we say these things. We simply point out what we believe our friends may expect, with the reasons for that belief, and try to show why all should with one accord reject any such overtures as will be made. Having done this we have discharged our duty, and if, after tendering our advice, the democrats shall elect all or any part of their ticket our skirts will be clear and we shall be convinced of one of two things—either that they have an actual majority over the republicans in the county or that our well meant advice shall not have been heeded. In either contingency we shall not whine over the result, for we can stand defeat with as much resignation as anybody else.

VOTE FOR BROWN.

The election of W. W. Brown to congress in this district is an assured fact. There are a good many old democrats all through the six counties who will vote for Brown in preference to so recent a convert to democracy as W. C. Kennedy. It is enough for the people of this district to know that Mr. Kennedy is a free trader, to bury him beyond political resurrection next Tuesday. There are more than one thousand protection democrats in the 18th district who will never vote for a half-fledged democratic free-trader, no matter how much money he scatters over the country. As a prominent democrat said to us when he heard that Kennedy had been endorsed as the democratic candidate: "He hasn't got money enough to buy me. I will never vote for a greenbacker or free-trader if I know it. I prefer an out-and-out republican and shall vote for Brown." Mr. Brown is one of the ablest representatives this district has ever had in congress and we predict his election by not less than one thousand majority. Vote for Brown.

VOTE FOR EMERY.

Practically Mr. Emery has no opposition in the 25th district as a candidate for the senate, yet there is no reason why any republican should neglect voting for him because of that fact. He has been making a gallant fight for republican principles during the campaign, and he is entitled to every republican vote in the district. His majority will run into the thousands, no matter how many political tramps and dead-beats will try to draw votes away from him. Vote for Emery.

VOTE FOR ROSE.

The republicans of McKean county have a duty to perform in the selection of a representative to the legislature which they must not neglect. It is of every importance that this county should be represented by a republican. There cannot be a more important session than the one which convenes on the first day of January next, for ten years to come. The congressional, senatorial and legislative apportionments must all be made next winter, and it will simply be ridiculous for the county of McKean to be represented by a democrat. Mr. Rose, as the nominee of the republican party, is a young man of fine abilities as a lawyer, of irreproachable private character and a republican of republicans. He ought to receive an overwhelming majority next Tuesday. Vote for Rose.

VOTE FOR BANNON.

A more desperate fight was never before witnessed in this county for the office of Sheriff. Every means which money can buy or prejudice can influence is brought to bear to beat "Tony" Bannon for that office. There is no doubt that this fight is attracting more attention throughout the country than any that has ever preceded it in the county of McKean. Our fellow citizens of the Catholic persuasion all over the country have their eyes on this contest. A young Catholic Irishman, of unadulterated republicanism, of unswerving integrity, who is eminently qualified for the position is on the republican ticket for Sheriff. If there is any one article in the creed of the republican party more sacred than another, it is that in this country the right of a man to worship God according to the dictates of conscience shall be held inviolate. The opponents of Mr. Bannon are endeavoring to prejudice the voters against him because of his religion, and the eyes of the country are upon us waiting for the votes to be counted, to ascertain whether the republican creed is a mockery or not. We believe the verdict will be: sectarian prejudice shall not control our political action, and that Bannon will be elected by an overwhelming majority. Vote for Bannon.

VOTE FOR McELROY.

We have on our ticket as candidate for Prothonotary, J. M. McElroy, of Bradford, who is eminently qualified for the position. We know whereof we speak when we say, that all sorts of overtures have been made to Mr. McElroy to trade off his colleagues on the republican ticket and thereby secure support for himself. But he has spurned every proposition of the kind as any honorable man would, giving every trader to understand that he will stand or fall with his ticket. Mr. McElroy is a gentleman who wins the respect of every man he meets, and it is not strange that he is regarded by certain democratic candidates as a popular man on the republican ticket with whom to make a trade. He is deserving of every republican vote in McKean county, and we confidently look for his election by a decisive majority. Vote for McElroy.

VOTE FOR KOESTER.

The young men of McKean county have a candidate on the republican ticket in the person of Ernest Koester, who is receiving their enthusiastic support. (Barney) McCalmont will hear something drop on Tuesday night that will astonish him. It will very much resemble the explosion of a can of glycerine under his feet. We predict that Ernest Koester will be elected District attorney of McKean county on Tuesday next by a decisive majority. Vote for Koester.

VOTE FOR GALLUP AND RICE.

Republicans should remember one thing, and that is that the patronage of the Commissioner's office in this county is of more importance to the party than all the other offices combined. The candidates on the republican ticket, Messrs. Gallup and Rice, are two of our best citizens, and they ought to receive the vote of every republican. Vote for Gallup and Rice.

VOTE FOR BREWER AND BARRETT.

Our nominees for County Auditor are Messrs. Brewer of Norwich and Barrett of Keating, two of our oldest and most substantial citizens. They will receive as much majority in the county as will Blaine which ought to satisfy any good republican. Vote for Brewer and Barrett.

A WRITER in the Bradford *Era* under the head of "A Republican Taxpayer," advises everybody to vote for Philo Ackley, one of the democratic candidates for county commissioner. He then goes on to say, "Mr. Ackley is well and favorably known throughout the county, and if elected would see to it that the interests of the oil country were looked after with as much vigilance as if he were a republican. We of the oil country have been robbed in the matter of county taxes because we did not have a commissioner from this part of the county to look after our interests." We haven't a word to say against Mr. Ackley. So far as we know he is a good citizen, and worthy of and entitled to votes of democrats. But why should this "republican tax payer," in his anxiety to secure republican votes for Mr. Ackley, go out of his way to vilify the present board of commissioners? He must know that two of the gentlemen composing that board are not only residents of the oil sections of the county but are as thoroughly identified with the oil interests as any two men in it. To say that they have been robbing the producers or men interested in the oil business is an infamous outrage, and we do not believe any republican is prepared to make the allegation over his own signature. There is neither reason or sense in republicans voting for Mr. Ackley. They have candidates of their own, who are not only worthy of their votes, but who are entitled to their earnest and enthusiastic support.

WE desire to take no part in the contest between the two democratic candidates, Mr. Ackley and Mr. Reilly, in the contest for the third place on [illegible] But one of them can get there, and the *Star* sees no reason to prefer one to the other on the grounds of the public welfare. A "republican taxpayer" writes a communication to the morning paper urging the election of Mr. Ackley as the third member of the board, conceding that Messrs. Rice and Gallup are sure to be elected, and suggests that men of all parties, republicans, democrats, St. Johnites and Butlerites, of the northern townships vote for him as a representative of their interests. This strikes us as very inconsistent advice for a republican. He must know that every republican vote cast for Mr. Ackley is one vote taken away from either Mr. Rice or Mr. Gallup, as only two candidates can be voted for, and no good republican wants to or will consent to do that. The republican candidates are both gentlemen well qualified to care for the interests of the county, and it is the duty of republicans to vote for their own candidates and elect them, and leave it to the democrats to decide which of their candidates shall be the third man. In the present board of commissioners are two gentleman from the oil regions, Mr. Johnson and Mr. Palmer. They have made excellent officers, and in many ways have saved the county thousands of dollars. Either or both could have been renominated if they had so desired. Both are experienced, shrewd business men, and know how to do business for themselves as well as the public. But the fact that their selection was so fortunate by no means proves that any candidate whose postoffice address is Bradford or Tarport would be equally capable. Mr. Gallup and Mr. Rice were both chosen by the republican convention without a word of solicitation on their part to any one, solely because of their ability and fitness for the position. Mr. Rice is an old resident of Eldred township, a substantial and intelligent citizen and an old soldier, and is justly entitled to the support of every republican in the county. It is conceded by men of all parties who have the opportunity to know that no man in the county is better fitted in experience, talent and acquaintance with the needs and demands of the people, to care for the interests of the entire county than W. D. Gallup. The republican taxpayer who goes to fooling away his vote on democratic candidates because of the accident of their postoffice address will make the greatest mistake of his life.—*Star.*

THE democrats now "point with pride" to Cleveland's majority of 200,000 for governor. Next week when they point to Blaine's plurality of 20,000 in New York they will not acknowledge that it is a republican gain of 220,000 in that state. Not much. There is no danger of their being so consistent.

No democrat who is in any way favorable to a tariff other than one "for revenue exclusively" can vote for "Billy" Kennedy for congress, for he is a plain, straight, unadulterated free trader.

HON. JOHN F. FINERTY

[illegible]

The [illegible] intolerance which characterizes a certain section of people, who call themselves democrats in this country, is beyond comprehension. We are sorry to be compelled to declare that a great many Irish-Americans belong to this class. They have no toleration for a difference of opinion on American politics. They even go so far as to become persecutors of those of their own kindred who dare to come out against Cleveland, the British and know-nothing candidate whom the national democracy nominated for the presidency of the United States.

It is an absolute fact that in certain localities Irish-American citizens who have declared for Blaine and Logan are virtually "boycotted" by their own countrymen—that class of their countrymen whose insane fanaticism as democrats has made them abhorred by a very large section of the American people.

And why all this bile and bigotry? Why are professional men, business men and others thus persecuted for conscience sake? Has the democratic party ever done anything for Irishmen that they must constitute themselves its bull-baiters? They confound the republican party with know-nothingism, and do so without consideration, and, consequently without justice. There is not a word in any republican platform hostile to the adopted citizens of the United States. The weight of the know-nothing movement was in the southern states, where the democratic party is solid to-day. The southern democratic leaders are aristocrats who, as is well known, have a contempt for labor. They have, as a general thing, no Irish or German constituencies, and care nothing for the opinion of these elements. In short, native Americanism in its most rigid sense, is the average southern condition. Nowhere else is the foreigner regarded with such jealousy. Outside the cities of New Orleans, Nashville, Memphis and Charleston, the "Irish vote," as it is called, hardly counts. The southerners are the controllers of the democracy, and the fact of their control, the fact of their disdain for labor sentiment of the north, explains the nomination of Grover Cleveland.

The chief spokesman for that personage, E. S. Bragg, of Wisconsin, was the man who while in congress insulted Irish-Americans when a brother know-nothing introduced a petition sent him by Milwaukee Orangemen for the exclusion of Irish immigrants from the United States. He boasted in that convention that he loved Cleveland for the enemies he had made, meaning the Irish-Americans of this country. Both as the tool of the Orangemen and as the endorser of the hangman of Buffalo, Mr. Bragg has won a malodorous notoriety, and yet, because he calls himself a democrat, he has been nominated again for congress, and we suppose some infatuated Irishmen will degrade themselves by voting for him. Anything labeled "democrat," whether it is a blackleg, a jackass or a yellow dog, will have the votes of a certain class of men, who are a disgrace alike to Irish manhood and intelligence and to American patriotism.

But what the infatuated Irish-Americans seem most to forget is, that certain bigots of Bragg's type—are "dead set" against Mr. Blaine for very different reasons than those they put forward in public. It is well known that he is of Irish descent, on the mother's and on the father's side, and that most of the family followed the faith of Mrs. Blaine, who was an ardent Catholic. Mr. Blaine himself was brought up in the faith of his father and grandfather, both of whom belonged to the Presbyterian church. The fact that he is allied by close ties of blood to Catholics, was made a point against him in other years. In 1876 it was made particularly offensive. Here is what Mr. Blaine wrote upon the subject at the time, and we ask any reader of the *Citizen* whether the question could be disposed of in an abler or a nobler manner. Said Mr. Blaine:

"My ancestors on my father's side were, as you know, always identified with the Presbyterian church, and they were prominent and honored in the old colony of Pennsylvania. But I will never consent to make any public declaration upon the subjec, and for two reasons: First, because I abhor the introduction of anything that looks like a religious test or qualification for office in a republic where perfect freedom of conscience is the birthright of every citizen; and second, because my mother was a devoted Catholic. I would not for a thousand presidencies speak a disrespectful word of my mother's religion, and no pressure will draw me into any avowal of hostility or unfriendliness to Catholics."

This is one of the secrets of the bitter opposition to Mr. Blaine by certain religious fanatics. We ask the Irish-American persecutors of their Blaine and Logan kindred, whether they are proud of voting against those gentlemen to please the Blue Noses, such as Bragg, Curtis, Nast and Henry Ward Beecher?—*Finerty's Citizen.*

He Says so Himself.

From The Rochester Post Express.

Mrs. B. to Grover: "MY DEAR GROVER—I know you were bad in Buffalo, for you said so yourself; but they do say you have been naughty since you've been in Albany. Is it true?"

Grover's answer: "MY DEAR MRS. B.—You write just like my mother. So much so that I don't know what to say. I am dumbfounded. I have been real good since I have been in Albany; I have been to church and been at home nights. I haven't seen a woman in Albany that I thought was bad, and if I thought she was I don't know where she lived. It is cruel for people to think I am living in Albany the same as I did in Buffalo. I don't have the time. I'm busy every night until after midnight, and don't go home until all the other places are shut up."

H. W. B. on the stump: "I can now assure you on the highest authority that Cleveland is a good man. My wife wrote to him and asked him if he was, and he said with great emphasis that he was. That base calumny having been disposed of, let us now lift the canvass out of the mud and filth of personal abuse and proceed to the consideration of Blaine as a liar and thief on the testimony of those two upright and honorable gentlemen, James Mulligan and Warren Fisher." [Tremendous applause.]

BLAINE'S LATEST SPEECH.

At Flint, Michigan, Mr. Blaine made the leading speech of the day. It was the first time that he has departed from the tariff topic as the leading subject of his discourse. In the course of his remarks he denied that he had ever been a know-nothing or in sympathy with that party, and declared himself in favor of prohibiting the exportation to the United States by foreign countries of their paupers and criminals, and the importation of cheap foreign labor under contract to compete with home labor. He said:

I have received since I have been in this state two or three letters from persons asking me to state whether I had ever been a member of the know nothing party. In connection with these inquiries from persons in Michigan, I have received some telegrams from the Pacific coast asking whether I was not a supporter of Mr. Fillmore when he ran in 1856 as the native American candidate for the presidency. Let me say, in full and explicit terms, in reply to these inquiries by letter and telegraph, that I never was a member of the know-nothing order, that I never voted for a man who was nominated by it, and that, instead of supporting Mr. Fillmore in 1856, I had the honor to be a member of the national republican convention which nominated Gen. Fremont, and as the general is now on this platform, he will be able to bear testimony that, however inefficient my support may have been, it was very earnest and very ardent.

I was then junior editor of the Kennebec *Journal*, and that paper was entirely devoted to Gen. Fremont's advocacy; aided in giving him the largest majority ever cast in Maine for a presidential candidate of any party. The know nothing order holds views in regard to immigration and naturalization with which I never had any sympathy, and from which I never hesitated to express dissent. But, in connection with that subject, let me say that there are at present three wrongs which, in my judgment, require correction.

First, I think that habit, which has grown up on the part of some European countries of sending their paupers to the United States, ought not to be longer tolerated. I believe in the good old American system, which requires that each town or each county shall take care of its own poor. In European countries their laws tend to impoverish their working people. These countries ought to take care of them when reduced to want, instead of shipping them to us.

Second, and still more objectionable, is the practice of shipping their criminals to us, as has been done in many cases, prisoners being released from punishment on condition that they shall come to the United States. I think that this is a very grave offense against this country, which should not be permitted.

Third, if a tariff for protection is designed to elevate the laboring man in this country and secure him good wages, and if it is not for that it is not for anything, then I think the custom which some men are trying to introduce of importing cheap contract labor from foreign countries to compete with home labor ought to be prohibited.

It is a species of servitude against the spirit of our laws and injures all who are in any way connected with it.

There are three evils that I think ought to be remedied. But as to every honest immigrant seeking to better his condition, whether he come from the British Isles or from the great German Empire, from the sunny climes of the Latin nations, or from the Scandinavian in the North, we bid him God speed, and give him hearty welcome and hospitality, and when he is admitted to citizenship we assure him protection at home and abroad. Once among us and of us, his rights are equal before the law with the native born citizen. No distinction can be tolerated among those who are clothed with the honor of American citizenship. [Cheers.]

THE name of American, which belongs to us in our national capacity, must always exalt the just pride of patriotism. Citizenship of the Republic must be the panoply and safeguard of him who wears it. The American citizen, rich or poor, native or naturalized, white or colored, must everywhere walk secure in his personal and civil rights. The Republic should never accept a lesser duty, it can never assume a nobler one, than the protection of the humblest man who owes it loyalty—protection at home, and protection which shall follow him abroad, into whatever land he may go upon a lawful errand.—James G. Blaine.

REV. DR. JOHN H. VINCENT, the eminent Methodist divine, better known as "the bishop of Chatauqua," says: "I am a Prohibitionist, and because I am a Prohibitionist I shall vote for James G. Blaine, and so will all other temperance men whose prejudices do not cloud their judgment. This St. John movement is the most utter and incomprehensible piece of folly that was ever conceived on the part of temperance men."

THE fact that the Rev. George H. Ball of Buffalo, has just been reelected for the fifteenth time as president of the Central Association of Open Communion Baptists, of New York, and that resolutions were adopted endorsing his course, will probably act upon the Democratic press like a red rag on an infuriated bull.

SECTARIAN PREJUDICE IN POLITICS.

IF there is one thing in politics more despicable and contemptible than another, short of absolute falsehood, it is the attempt to work the defeat of a candidate through religious prejudice. If Mr. Bannon is a Catholic, is he any the less a man or will he make any the less a good officer because he is not a Presbyterian, a Methodist, a Baptist, or a professor or even a believer in no religious creed? Is Catholicism to be regarded as a crime in this free country and its professors to be deprived of the rights of citizenship and of holding office?

Those who object to Mr. Bannon's being Sheriff for that reason have only one more step to take to deprive him of the right of suffrage for the same reason. If he is qualified to vote he is qualified (legally) to hold office. The only tests to apply to him are the measures of manly integrity and honor, and educational and mental qualifications for the place. Those who know him well (and they are legion) have thus tested him, and find that he fills the measure and will therefore vote for him. They don't see that his religious belief has any more to do with the office of Sheriff than it has with killing hogs.

We have no patience to discuss this subject, even without reference to Mr. Bannon's case. If we were going to choose a pastor for a church we would apply the crucial test, but when we employ a printer we never ask him whether he belongs to this church or that, or to any. His beliefs are his own and his holding one thing or the other makse him a no better or a worse printer. Out on such ridiculous nonsense!

MR. IRA [illegible] of Brooklyn, New York, the president of the New York State Temperance association, and for forty-four years an earnest worker in the cause of temperance, has written an open letter to St. John, asking him to withdraw from the presidential contest, for the reason that his continuance in it will rather hurt than help the cause. In his open letter to St. John, he speaks as follows: "I am not in favor of thrusting the question into a national contest, when it can be of no practical avail and when it is likely to result in placing a free-trade democratic administration into power. Free trade means idleness, distress and drunkenness among our mechanics and artisans. I have seen the industrial classes, for want of employment, marching through the streets of New York with banners inscribed, 'Blood or Bread.' I call to mind the 'Flour riots' in the same city, where, in their madness, the rioters filled the streets so thick with flour that barrels of it, thrown from the fifth story windows, did not even burst their hoops in falling on so thick a bed of the wasted but precious dust. All this was under democratic free trade."

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF VENDITIONI EXPONAS issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county, and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale on MONDAY, the 17th day of November, A. D. 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m., upon the said premises below described: All the defendant's interest in and to all that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Bradford township, McKean county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:—Commencing at a post at the southeast corner of lot numbered 265, and running thence north by said lot 150 rods more or less to a sugar tree at the southeast corner of lot numbered 353; thence east 87 rods more or less to an ironwood tree, thence south 160 rods more or less to a post on the north bank of Minard Run, the southwest corner of lot No. 258, thence by the bank of said creek westerly to the place of beginning, containing 81 3-10 acres more or less, being No. 266, situate in Warrant No. 3126. Together with one double frame dwelling house, two frame barns, several outbuildings, one orchard of fruit trees, one oil well, several springs of water &c. thereon situate and belonging to the same, land mostly improved.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Bradford township, McKean county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:—Beginning at a post on the north bank of Minard Creek at the southeast corner of lot No. 267, thence north 51 rods more or less to a post at the southwest corner of lot No. 423, thence east 44 7-10 rods more or less to a post, thence south 27 degrees west 75 4-10 rods more or less to a water-beech on the north bank of said Minard Creek; thence down said Minard Creek to place of beginning, containing 5 9-10 acres more or less and being part of lots Nos. 268 and 267 of the Kingsbury survey, in McKean county, and a part of Warrants 3126 and 3121, and being same lands conveyed to defendant by S. [illegible] Deiter, January 14, 1881, by deed recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 15, page 255, May 27, 1882. Mostly improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of L. M. Pauling at the suit of J. Z. Plank.

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa., Oct. 28, 1884.
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

L. F. Blackman, Pl'ffs Att'y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.

QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. PURITY. Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Great Reduction
IN PRICES.

John C. [illegible] will sell for the next thirty days

Hardware, Paints,
Oils, Stoves, Etc.
At Prices Astonishingly
Low for Cash.

For example:

Nails,	$2 50 per keg.
Building Paper,	3 cts per lb.
Cornell White Lead,	6½ " "
Armstrong & McKelvey White Lead,	6 " "
Pure Linseed Oil,	60 cts per gal.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 8, 1884.

New Carriage Shop
IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT March 10, 1881.—v1.

JEWELRY
of all descriptions.
SILVER-WARE
The Best Made.
POCKET CUTLRY
TOYS,
A Full Assortment.
SPECTACLES
AND
EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the
'ROCKFORD'
Watches against the world for time and money
All kinds of
REPAIRING
a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,
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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE BEST SHOES.

WHEN YOU WANT
BOOTS AND SHOES
—GO TO—
G. A. GROVES & SON,
NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

They Will Charge You Fair Prices, But They Warrant Their Goods to be Just as Represented.

You Cannot Afford to Buy From Irresponsible Parties

They Sell the Best At Lowest Prices.

G. A. GROVES & SON,
No. 28 MAIN STREET, - BRADFORD.

New Goods Just Received
At D. C. YOUNG'S.

IMMENSE STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Clothing
For Men, Boys and Children.
LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
Complete Line of
DRY GOODS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, ETC
And Full Stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES!

All of which were bought CHEAP FOR CASH, and will be Sold accordingly.

CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK—NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

D. C. YOUNG,

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 1883.

JOHN DIGEL'S
MARBLE WORKS.

Monumental
and
Mantel Designs
Executed in the Best Style from either
MARBLE ∻ OR ∻ SLATE
Water Street, Smethport, Pa.

J. G. HABERNIGG,
Bradford's Most Reliable Merchant Tailor,
Has just received a Complete Stock of New Spring Goods,
FRENCH, ENGLISH,
AUSTRIAN, GERMAN,
AND AMERICAN.

No other tailor in the oil region gives the same class of work and same quality cloth and trimmings for the amount of money. No tailor in the world can give better fits, and I will sell suits from $20.00 up and pants from $6 00 up.

P. S.—I will remain for the coming year at my store on Washington street. This will make my expenses much less and enable me to give my customers better bargains than ever. EVERYTHING STRICTLY CASH.

J. G. HABERNIGG,
No. 8 Washington St., Bradford, Penn'a.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF
VASELINE
(PETROLEUM JELLY.)
[illegible]
The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.
Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

H. W. RUBIN,
DEALER IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all of such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment of

Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Main Street. SMETHPORT, PA.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 31, 1884.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible] label on your paper shows the time to [illegible] paid.
[illegible] want the address of your paper changed, [illegible] the old one as well as the new one.
[illegible] want your paper stopped, pay arrearages [illegible] will continue liable if the [illegible] cut to you whether you take it from [illegible].
If [illegible] get the paper regularly let us [illegible]. We mail every man a paper every week, [illegible] trouble is with the mails when not received.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Mud.

Wet and muddy.

This is Halloween night.

Now you can shoot deer.

Vote the straight republican ticket.

The G. A. R. campfire was a complete success.

This weather is good for the skating rink.

Sausage and buckwheat are now in the market.

The hose boys cleared $60 at their fair last week.

A few more street lamps would not fail these dark nights.

"Please shut the door," is the refrain that greets one on every side.

The mountain streams are having quite a boom since the late rains.

The agony will be over next Tuesday and everybody will breathe easier.

It's a girl and J. T. Donohue is not quite as happy as though it was a boy.

Next Tuesday James G. Blaine will be elected president of the United States.

For fear some one will forget it, we would say, that next Tuesday is the day you vote.

The Blaine and Logan club will meet to-night for the transaction of important business.

Oleum claims to have the champion [illegible] team of this section. Wait till our boys get at 'em.

About thirty republicans from this place went to Elmira last Monday to attend the Blaine reception.

We may perhaps be mistaken, but we predict a majority for Bannon over Sartwell of at least five hundred.

The head of the family now sets up the festive stove and softly breathes a prayer as he wrestles with the pipe.

If the republicans of this county only do their duty between this and then there can be no doubt as to the result.

Bradford republicans will have a grand torchlight procession to-morrow night. The Smethport marching club will participate.

The first deer of the season was brought into town by Zach Carl last Tuesday. It was a fine, large buck and weighed about 180 pounds.

The present managers of the Smethport Skating Rink are somewhat partial to the ladies, giving them considerable free skating on the rollers.

Under the new management at the skating rink ladies are admitted free on afternoons and on Tuesdays they have the use of skates free of charge.

Every republican should read his ticket before he drops it in the ballot box and see that it contains no democratic names. Look out for tricks.

Our next prothonotary, Mr. J. M. McElroy, is a gentleman who is making friends everywhere in the county and will "get there" by a good majority.

The raffle for the deer at the Wright House Tuesday evening caught any amount of "suckers," among whom were Ira Sears and one of the employees of this office.

The prohibition vote of the county will amount to merely nothing. People are beginning to realize what folly it is to throw away their votes and help the democracy.

Frank Kerns has leased the Exchange Hotel, at East Smethport, from J. H. Sowers, and will take possession next Tuesday. We wish Frank success in his new venture.

— A young man and his girl have made the following agreement: "If Blaine is elected, he is to marry the girl, if Cleveland is elected the girl is to marry him, and if neither of them get it they are to marry each other."—*Ex.*

They evidently want to get married.

— When you go to the polls on Tuesday next to vote do your duty, which is to cast your ballot for every republican on the ticket. Look the two tickets over carefully, and if our ticket don't compare favorably with that of the democratic then we are not good judges.

If there is any one thing in a town which will cause a stranger to have a poor opinion of said town it is poor sidewalks. As a general rule our borough has good sidewalks, but occasionally a poor one on which a fall sometimes happens followed by more or less profanity.

When an election takes place on the day preceding his twenty first birthday a man can vote on age. The courts have so decided in a test case. That is, if a man's twenty first birthday falls this year on November 5th he legally can deposit his ballot at the election on November 4.

— We desire to put on record the predictions: First. That the vote for Blaine and Logan in this city will come very close to 100,000. Second—That the republican electoral ticket in this state will get a plurality over the Cleveland ticket of very close to 10,000. Third—That the electoral vote of New York will not be needed to elect Blaine.—*New York Mail and Express.*

If the author of the article "To The Public" sent to us for publication this week signed "J. F." had any sense he or she would give us their name. It is a very common occurrence to receive communications bearing no signature, and of course finds a resting place in the waste basket. We do not need the name for publication, but for our protection. The article is in reference to a local scandal that all our people are familiar with and one that should not (in our opinion) be agitated any longer. Once more we say, give YOUR NAME to insure publication of communications.

Hon. S. F. Wilson, formerly additional law Judge of this district, has been appointed by President Arthur to be associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico. We are very much gratified to learn of his appointment, as we know that Judge Wilson will fill the position with ability, and we heartily endorse the following from the Wellsboro *Advocate*: "We are glad and we are sorry. Glad of this recognition of the merits of a thoroughly excellent citizen and leading lawyer—such as everybody in northern Pennsylvania knows Judge Wilson to be. Sorry to lose a kind friend, a good neighbor, a leading lawyer and a royal good natured companion from our village. Good luck to you Judge, and good-bye, if you must go!"

STATE.

ELECTORS.

WILLIAM LILLY,
JAMES DOBSON,
CALVIN WELLS,
EDWIN S. STUART,
JOHN MUNDELL,
WILLIAM J. McLAUGHLIN,
EDMUND L. LEVY,
JOSEPH R. ALTEMUS,
HORACE A. BEALE,
ALFRED PACKENTHALL,
ISAAC McHOSE,
JAMES P. WICKERSHAM,
SAMUEL R. THATCHER,
JOHN SEABOLDT, JR.,
DANIEL EDWARDS,
PETER W. SHEAFER,
LANE S. HART,
JOSEPH T. JENNINGS,
JOSEPH A. EGE,
JOSEPH B. HILEMAN,
BENJAMIN F. JUNKIN,
THOMAS B. BRYSON,
WILLIAM P. DUNCAN,
WILLIAM J. HITCHMAN,
GEORGE T. OLIVER,
JOSIAH COHEN,
MICHAEL WEYAND,
CHARLES A. RANDALL,
CYRUS KITCHEN,
LUMAN B. WOOD.

COUNTY.

For Congress at Large,
Gen. Edwin S. Osborne.
For Congress,
William Wallace Brown.
For Senator,
Lewis Emery, Jr.
For Representative,
Robert H. Rose.
For Sheriff,
A. F. Bannon.
For Prothonotary, &c.,
J. M. McElroy.
For District Attorney,
Ernest Koester.
For County Commissioners,
W. D. Gallup,
R. A. Rice.
For County Auditors,
A. P. Brewer,
Geo. N. Barrett.

The foregoing are the two tickets which the republicans of McKean county are called upon to vote. See that the ticket you vote corresponds with these.

Hamilton Township.

The first issue of the election proclamation this year located the place for holding the election, in Hamilton township, at the school house near Isaiah Morrison's, on Kinzua Creek. This was wrong. The legal place for holding elections in that township is at the school house in Ludlow, and it was so published in the last and present issues of this paper, and in the other papers of the county.

In 1878, at the September term of the Quarter Sessions court of this county, upon petition of the requisite number of citizens of that township, the court ordered an election to be held for the purpose of determining where the future elections of the township should be held. Said election was held and by a vote of 36 for to 30 against, Ludlow was decided upon as the place for holding future elections. From that day to this the elections of Hamilton township have been held in the school house at Ludlow, and not a word of complaint has come from any source.

It seems, however, that the proclamations of the Sheriff for holding general elections in the several townships of the county, have uniformly named the school house at Isaiah Morrison's instead of Ludlow as the place for holding the elections of that township. This oversight was not discovered until about ten days ago, when we received a line from W. I. Bartholomew, Esq., of that township, calling our attention to the error. The proclamation was corrected in the next issue, but even if the error had not been discovered, the citizens of that township could not be deprived of their prerogatives as electors because of an oversight of the Sheriff. The place for holding elections in the township has been legally fixed at Ludlow, and there the coming elections must be held.

The Surplus.

Mr. Hensel, in his speeches through the country, and Mr. McCalmont, in his harangues around this county have very much to say about the four hundred millions of surplus in the treasury, and that it is there because of excessive taxation. Mr. Hensel is intelligent enough to know better, but we suppose Barney is not, at least we never thought he was ambitious to be known as the champion liar of the county. Senator John Sherman knows as much about the surplus in the treasury as any man in the United States. In a recent speech in Cincinnati he states what that surplus consists of as follows.

"Of the $460,000,000 surplus $121,710,910 is gold owned and deposited by private citizens, for which gold certificates are in circulation, $121,131,921 is silver similarly deposited, $38,209,308 is money owned and deposited by National Banks in process of liquidation. $13,493,792 is money deposited by National Banks to secure the redemption of their notes. There is also due $15,600,000 on matured bonds, which may be at any moment called for. So that the entire fund in the treasury, including the bank fund, over and above the demand liabilities, is $141,280,251."

It is well enough for the voters of this country to remember, that when the democratic party had control of the affairs of the government there was never any surplus in the treasury to be worrying about. There were too many democratic thieves lurking around Washington.

Baptist Church.

Services next Sunday morning and evening.

The pastor is in attendance this week upon the meeting of the New York state pastor's conference and missionary convention held at Rome, N. Y., and Sunday morning will give a report of the meeting—which is a representative one—with the *personnel* of the convention, etc.

In the afternoon at 3 o'clock services will be held at the Hamlin school house.

In the evening the pastor will preach a sermon suggested by the approaching election. Subject—"Principles which should govern christian men at the polls." All are invited!

Henry Brann's Speech.

We are indebted to Patrick Rowan for a copy of the New York *Tablet* of Oct. 18th, containing a speech of the Irish orator, Henry Brann, delivered recently at Washington Heights. It is a scathing review of the Free Trade and Know Nothing record of the democratic party, and we would be only too glad to give it a place in our columns if we had the room.

—Dr. Baker, of Bradford, contributes the following to the *Era*, of that city, under date of Oct. 17: "Observing that there are several cases of diphtheria in this city, I thought it my duty for humanity's sake to give a remedy that has proved successful, not only in my own family, but with all others with whom I have tried it in the prevention of the disease, or nearly so. The following is the prescription: Aqua pura, 1 ounce; sulphuret potassium, 60 grains. Cork and keep in a cool, dark place. Dose: One drop for every year old up to ten, in one-fourth tumbler of cold water, night and morning."

The Dog Tax.

EDITOR MINER:—I would like the space of a few lines in your valuable paper concerning the depredations of dogs in Annin Township. Within the last few weeks there have been about 100 sheep killed and the dogs are yet at large. So far as I have been able to learn not one of them has yet been discovered. A flock of sheep belonging to J. J. McCary was recently attacked and about 35 fine sheep killed. On the night of October 23 a flock of sheep belonging to P. Blygh was attacked and 30 killed, all selected cotswolds.

Now there is in this county a class of dogs, bred from the meanest looking pugs to the bull dog, some people keeping as many as four. The need of these dogs is a mystery, and I can imagine no use for them unless it be to roam half-starved through the country and kill sheep. As long as dogs are taxed only one dollar, this class will be kept, but let the tax be raised to ten dollars and they will soon disappear. This is something which I hope every farmer in McKean county will take into consideration.

ONE WHO PAYS DOG TAX.

Sartwell, Oct. 28, 1884.

The Bradford Parade.

The republican mass meeting and torchlight procession which takes place at Bradford to-morrow evening promises to be the crowning event of the season. Every arrangement has been made and the parade will come off rain or shine. Hons. John Stewart and J. B. Niles will address the meeting which will be held in the Opera House. The members of the Central marching club will report as early as 5 o'clock P. M., in uniform. A rate of fifty cents has been secured over the B. B. & K. R. R. for all who wish to attend. Every one should go.

The Travenier Dramatic Company.

Next Wednesday and Thursday evenings, Nov. 5th and 6th the Travenier dramatic company will hold the "boards" at the Kittredge Opera House in "The Mighty Dollar" and "Saratoga." Miss Ida VanCortland, supported by fourteen first class artists, comes to us with the highest recommendations. We clip the following from the Dramatic *News*:

I would make particular mention of Miss Ida VanCortland for a fine performance of Mlle. Helouin. The lady is an artist.

This will be the greatest treat of the season and no lover of the drama should fail to hear Miss VanCortland.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday Nov 2d as follows. Litany at 10.15 a. m. Morning prayer and holy communion at 10.30 o'clock.

Saturday Nov. 1st being All Saints Day there will be Divine Service (holy communion) at 10.30 a. m., and evening prayer at 4 o'clock.

The G. A. R. Campfire.

It is almost needless to say that the camp fire held by Post 347 of this place yesterday, was a success. It was one of the happiest and most harmonious reunions of the members of this post and their visiting comrades that has ever taken place in this borough. All the forenoon the boys in blue were seen hurrying around carrying provisions and getting everything in readiness for the free dinner at noon, while their wives and daughters were kept busy at the rink, where the feast was spread, decorating and laying the tables with all the good things that had been so bountifully provided. The wall and tables were very handsomely decorated with flags, flowers and appropriate mottoes. At the extreme end of the hall was a beautiful "G. A. R." emblem worked on a ground of stars and stripes, surrounded by the motto, "Welcome Vetrans." The walls were hung with the names of Hancock, U. S. Grant, Banks, Sheridan, Meade and Sherman, names dear to the heart of every veteran and American citizen. In the centre of each table was a miniature tent on which was inscribed "Tenting to-night." Immediately after dinner speeches were made by Hon. David Sterrett, Hon. L. Rogers, Maj. J. C. Backus, W. J. Milliken, Esq. and Robt. H. Rose, Esq. In the evening the floor was well filled with dancers who kept time to the music of the Randolph band. Everything passed off smoothly and the second annual camp fire of Post 347 adds one more feather in their cap as royal entertainers.

The Grand Central.

Mrs. A. E. Taylor, the present proprietress of the Grand Central hotel, is making some important improvements on the building, the most important of which is in putting in a foundation which will render the building secure in the future. Mr. Baker, the builder, has charge of the work which guarantees its being well done.

The friends of Andrew Reilly, Esq., will be glad to learn, that in the sale of the hotel property, Mrs. Taylor made provision for his old farm to be returned to him on most advantageous terms.

James Owen O'Connor.

This talented speaker and elocutionist will appear at the Opera House, Nov. 3, and 4th and render a programme consisting of humorous and pathetic recitations and readings and all of the soliloquies in Hamlet. Mr. O'Connor comes highly recommended by the press and those who fail to hear him will miss a rare treat.

Good Likenesses.

The last issue of the Bradford Sunday *Mail*, contained very handsome pictures of Hon. Lewis Emery, Jr., Robt. H. Rose, Esq., and A. F. Bannon, Esq., with short biographies of each. The proprietors of the *Mail* evidently intend to make this the leading Sunday paper of the oil region. The enterprise and ability shown by the present proprietors ought to meet with merited success.

$100 to $300 a month for **Live Canvassers.** Grandest Combination Offer ever made.—Women in it! The [illegible] Family paper. THE HEARTHSTONE, FARM AND NATION, is the cleanest, handsomest, Purest Monthly in America. Ably covers the important subjects of Domestic and Rural Economy, Agriculture, Live Stock, Education, Current Events, Hygiene, etc. Largest and ablest staff of editors and contributors.

For Scents to pay actual return postage we send sample and full particulars, showing you how to make a fortune by representing our interests in connection with this paper and its premiums, those marvelous little volumes, The Pocket Manual, "Inquire Within," Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, and the great book of the century, the AMERICAN HOME AND FARM CYCLOPEDIA. The Package of these and also thus given every applicant who answers this advertisement, costs us 25c., so we ask you to give us your name address, age, business experience if any, and name reference. If you are already settled in business send us the names of two or more good agents, and in return we will send you the paper free one year. Write at once. W. H. THOMPSON & Co., Publishers, 404 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 35-4t.

Notice.

On July 31, 1884, I took Hattie Ames off the town to support. She has left my house without any cause, therefore I forbid any one harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

MRS. A. A. GOODWIN.

Port Allegany, Oct. 28, 1884-3t.

Notice.

Through the solicitation of my many friends in this and adjoining towns I have accepted the nomination for Commissioner on the Prohibition ticket, and am making a general effort to be elected.

[illegible]

Eldred, Pa., October, 29th, 1884.

ATTENTION.

Having been to New York and made my fall and winter purchases, for which I paid Cash, I am prepared to supply my former customers (and as many new ones as may give me their patronage) with new goods of the latest styles and patterns. I would state that I have adopted the Cash System, from which I will in no case deviate, and consequently will sell on the lowest possible margin.

I will state, also, that I will give my business my personal attention, in the future, and endeavor to please all who may kindly favor me with their trade.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

Smethport, Oct. 31, 1884—12.

SEND money by American Express Co. money orders. Receipts given. Money refunded if orders are lost. Sold at all offices of the company. Payable at 6,500 places. Rates: To $5 5c.; $10 8c.; $20 10c. $30 12c.; $40 15c.; $50 20c.

H. L. ARMSTRONG,
20-6m Agent for Company.

NEW goods just received at D. C. Young's store.

CREAM of the Valley flour only $1 50 per sack at D. C. Young's store, Main street.

The latest style of hats and all kinds of gent's furnishing goods at D. C. Young's store, Main Street.

CALL and examine the large stock of goods just received from New York at D. C. Young's, Main street.

LARGE new stock of fall goods consisting of clothing, ladies and gents furnishing goods etc. at D. C. Young's.

GOOD PAY FOR AGENTS. $100 to $200 per mo. made selling our Grand New History, Famous and Decisive Battles of the World. Write to J. C. McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS

Obtained, and all PATENT BUSINESS at home or abroad attended to for MODERATE FEES.

Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send Model or Drawing. We advise as to patentability free of charge, and we charge no fee unless Patent is Allowed.

We refer here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own state or county, write to C. A. SNOW & CO.

Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.
Oct. 24, '84-6 mos.

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring when the price will be reduced.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 2, 1885-tf.

J. C. HAMLIN.

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

☞ Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not lower, than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

New Spring Goods

MISS CARSON

Has just received a complete stock of the latest styles of

Millinery Goods!

And is prepared to supply patrons with HATS and BONNETS trimmed in the

LATEST AND FRESHEST STYLES.

☞ Give her a call before purchasing. Don't forget the place: DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE, (next door to Young's store.)

CALL ON

C. L. DOUGLASS

For Your

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of

SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.

Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

Help Wanted—Females.

WANTED—In every town, city and county, an intelligent, energetic lady of good address and some business ability, to introduce to the trade and consumers Madam Dean's Celebrated Spinal Supporting Corset, splendidly advertised, highly recommended by the leading Modistes, the fashionable dressmakers, and the most eminent physicians of the United States and Europe. Liberal pay. Agents are making $15 to $50 weekly. Address,

LEWIS SCHIELE & Co.,
390 Broadway, New York.

33-4t.

LEGAL.

Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned, to-wit:
One team of bay mares,
One team of horses, one bay and one chestnut,
One roan horse,
One bay mare,
One team of bay horses,
One red cow,
A lot of sleds, wagons, harness, boots, chains, tools, hay and feed and other equipments used by James Landrigan on the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property, except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited.

RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED.
B. E. CARTWRIGHT, Supt.

Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 30, 1884. 41-tf.

Kittredge Opera House.

SMETHPORT NOV. 5 AND 6.

THE TRAVENIER DRAMATIC COMPANY

Headed by the Popular Artiste

IDA VAN CORTLAND

and

14—ARTISTS—14

Selected from the best Theatres of New York and Boston will appear on Wednesday Evening November 5th, in B. E. Woolf's Eccentric Comedy

THE MIGHTY DOLLAR.

Thursday November 6th.

The Great English Comedy

SARATOGA.

Both plays running over with Mirth,

3 HOURS OF SOLID FUN.

180 LAUGHS IN 180 MINUTES.

Admission 35cts. Reserved Seats 50 cts. For Sale at Armstrong's Drug Store.

LEGAL.

God Save The Commonwealth.

Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF THE GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, 1839, I, ALONZO I. WILCOX, sheriff of the county of McKean, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the said county of McKean on TUESDAY, the FOURTH day of NOVEMBER, 1884, for the purpose of electing the several officers hereinafter named:

Thirty persons for Electors for President and Vice President.
One person for Congressman-at-Large.
One person for Congress.
One person for State Senator.
One person for Representative.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for Prothonotary, etc.
One person for District Attorney.
Three persons for County Commissioners.
Three persons for County Auditors.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by sec. 13 of aforesaid Act I am directed that every person, excepting Justices of the Peace who hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive departments of this state or the United States or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, State Legislature and of select and common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of an election in this Commonwealth and that no inspector, judge or any other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Also that in Sec. 4 of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to Elections and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid Sec. 13 shall not be construed as to prevent any military or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

By Act of Assembly of July 3, 1839 it is also made the duty of every mayor, sheriff, alderman, justice of the peace, constable of every city, county, township or district, within this commonwealth whenever called upon by any officer of an election, or by three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window or avenue to the window of the place of general election which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same and it shall be the duty of every respective constable of such ward, district or township within this commonwealth to be present or by deputy at the place of holding elections in such ward, district or township for the purpose of preserving the peace as aforesaid.

Also, that in the sec. 1 of Act of Assembly entitled "An act regulating the mode of voting at elections in the several counties of this commonwealth," approved March 30, 1866, it is enacted: That the qualified voters of the several counties in this commonwealth at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of court voted for and to be labeled outside "judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers and shall be labeled "state"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for including office of senator, member and members of assembly and of congress, if voted for, and be labeled "county"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labeled "township"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and be labeled "borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid general election in the several townships, boroughs and wards within the county of McKean are as follows, to-wit:

The township of Annin at the River School House.

The borough of Smethport in southeast corner of basement in court house.

Bradford City.

First Ward—First district—Pulman House [illegible].

First Ward—second district—Mayor's office corner of Congress and Corydon Sts.

Second Ward—Greene's Hotel corner of Congress and Corydon Sts.

Third Ward—Office of Brown & Norris on west side of Mechanic St.

Fourth Ward—Williams & Kennedy's office on [illegible] near saw mill.

Fifth Ward—Roberts' tank shop on Main St. near bridge.

Bradford Township.

District No. 1—At the Daly [illegible] School House.
District No. 2—At the [illegible] School House.

Kendall Borough.

First district—At the Fuller House corner of Main and Railroad Sts.

Second district—At School House on Kennedy street.

Duke Centre Borough.

First district—At the Topeka school House.
Second district—At the [illegible] school House.

The township of Ceres at the house of [illegible] Barber.

The township of Corydon at Coffee Run school House.

The township of Eldred at Hose House Edson street.

The borough of Eldred at Hose House Edson street.

Foster Township.

First district—At the building of Lansberry Bros. at Foster Brook.

Second district—At the Corwin store at Corwin Centre.

The township of Hamlin at the school House near J. E. B. White's.

The township of Hamilton at the School House at Ludlow.

Keating Township.

First district—In southwest basement of the court house in Smethport.

Second district—In the building known as the [illegible] Hall [illegible].

The township of Liberty at Garthwait's hall [illegible].

The borough of Port Allegany at Garthwait's hall [illegible].

The township of Lafayette at the School House at Lafayette Corners.

The township of Norwich at the house of [illegible] R. Burdick.

[illegible] Township.

First district—At [illegible] School House.
Second district—At [illegible] building known as the [illegible] Lewis.
[illegible] at [illegible] the [illegible] Hall.

The township of Sergeant at [illegible] known as the [illegible] school house.

The township of Wetmore at the new brick school house in village of Kane.

Polls to be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and to be closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

Sec. 12. As soon as the polls shall close the officers of each election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in the presence of the officers, and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet given to the judge, which shall contain the list of voters, tally paper and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat shall, before two o'clock p. m. of the next day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock, noon, of the second day after the election, deliver said returns, together with return sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed and the day and hour of filing marked thereon and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection.

WHEREAS, The Fifteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States is as follows:

"Sec. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the U. S. or by any state on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Sec. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And Whereas, The Congress of the U. S. on the thirty-first day of March, 1870, passed an Act entitled "An Act to enforce the right of citizens of the U. S. to vote in the several states in this Union and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That all citizens of the U. S. who are or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election of the people in any state, territory, district, county, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial sub-division, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage or regulation of any state or territory, or by or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if by or under the authority of the constitution or laws of any state, or the laws of any territory, any Act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or law, persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties for furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such pre-requisite or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the U. S. the same and equal opportunity to perform such pre-requisite and to become qualified to vote, without distinction of race, color or previous condition of servitude, and if any such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also, for every such offense, be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than one month nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

And Whereas, It is declared by the 2d Sec. of the VI article of the constitution of the United States, that "This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, shall be the supreme law of the land, * * anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding."

And Whereas, The legislature of this commonwealth, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1870, passed an Act entitled, "A further supplement to the Act relating to the elections in this commonwealth," the tenth section provides as follows:

"That so much of every Act of assembly as provides that every white freeman shall be entitled to vote at any general or special election of this commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that hereafter all freemen, without distinction of color, shall be enrolled and registered according to the provisions of sec. 1 of Act approved April 17, 1869, entitled, "An Act further supplemental to the Act relating to the elections of this commonwealth," and when otherwise qualified under existing laws be entitled to vote at all general and special elections in this commonwealth.

Given under my hand this 6th day of September, A. D. 1884.

ALONZO I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

THE HON. A. G. OLMSTED, PRESIDENT Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter sessions of the Peace, Orphans' and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Wednesday, Sept. 3d, 1884, and to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday, the 11th day of Nov. 1884, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Sept. 4th 1884, and in the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Court Proclamation

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge, and the Hons. H. HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans' and court of common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Wednesday, Sept. 3d, 1884, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 17th day of Nov., 1884, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Oct. 30th, 1884, and in the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, to be summoned for the 3d Monday of Nov., 1884.

Abbey, N. W.—Smethport
Argue, H. H.—Dallas
Bishop, F. F.—Annin
Bishop, L. N.—Bradford.
Brundage O. L.—Liberty
Baker, William—Bradford.
Bull, Robert—Keating
Cooper, Anthony—Bixford.
Collins, E. J.—Wetmore.
Campbell, John H.—Bradford,
Freeman, Philip—Keating
Fisherty, Mike—Alton.
Gallup, Frank—Norwich.
Haskill, Wm.—Smethport.
Hafner, Philip—Hamlin
Hannon, Peter—Bradford.
Halderman W. P.—Bradford,
Hall, C. W.—Bradford.
Howe I. G.—Bradford.
Kinney, A. S.—Annin.
Koonse, L. D.—Eiterville.
Kelley, Edward—Annin.
Knapp, M. G.—Eldred.
Loop, Miles—Eldred.
Moore, H. K.—Keating.
Olds, F. C.—Keating.
Pomeroy, J. R.—Bradford
Peterson, Augustus—Wetmore,
Richmond, E. F.—Smethport.
Stephens, A.—Keating
Shirtz, M. T.—Liberty
Stull, Joseph—Eldred
Treat, B. A.—Ceres.
Wilber, C. A.—Bradford
Wright, C. C.—Keating
Walters, Geo.—Eiterville.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
D. F. PATTISON, } Jury Coms.
E. F. CLARK, }
A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

Attest: JNO. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 22d, 1884.

Trial List

For Monday, November 17, 1884.

1. J. M. Fuller assignee of J. W. Humphrey and J. W. Humphrey and A. A. Aspinwall lately doing business as J. W. Humphrey & Co. vs W. O. Wright. No. 152 December term 1883. Feigned issue. Plea filed.
2. James H. Wright vs W. O. Wright. No. 155 December term 1877. Assumpsit. Plea non-assumpsit, set off payment with leave &c.
3. [illegible] Sartwell vs [illegible]. No. 219 June term 1879. Plea non-assumpsit and payment with leave &c.
4. [illegible] vs J. B. Taylor. No. 84 December term 1880. Replevin. Cognizance for rent in arrear [illegible].
5. T. W. Knox vs the Duke Centre [illegible]. Trespass for negligence. Plea not guilty.
6. [illegible] Freeman vs Geo. McLeod and John McLeod. No. 2[illegible] February term 1881. Ejectment for land in Otto township. Plea not guilty.
7. [illegible] vs [illegible] [illegible] term 1881. Plea not guilty.
8. Thomas Collins [illegible] vs F. W. [illegible] vs W. T. [illegible] December term 1881. Ejectment for land in Otto township. Plea not guilty.
9. T. W. C[illegible] vs City of Bradford. No. 272 February term 1881. [illegible] Plea not guilty.
10. M. C. [illegible] vs [illegible] No. 19[illegible] February term 1881. [illegible] not guilty. [illegible]
11. A. M. Benson vs Daniel Clark. No. [illegible] term 1882. Ejectment for land in Liberty township. Plea not guilty.
12. George Bodine and Daniel Dodge vs United Pipe Line Co. No. 30 [illegible] term 1882. Trover [illegible]. Plea not guilty.
13. James F. Barnes vs the Bradford Oil Co. No. [illegible] September term 1882. Covenant. Plea non est factum and covenants performed absque [illegible].
14. H. F. [illegible] vs [illegible] P. Stevenson vs I. L. [illegible]. No. 2[illegible] February term 1880. Assumpsit. [illegible] with leave &c.
15. Sam'l Q. Brown vs [illegible] B. Dodge. No. 5[illegible] March term 1880. Assumpsit. [illegible] non-assumpsit set off payment with leave &c.
16. Co[illegible] Conn agents for F. S. Messure vs N. Lazerus. No. 12 December term 1880. Appeal [illegible].
17. [illegible] Backus vs Bradford, Bordell & Smethport R R Co. No. 108 February term 1881. Appeal from report of viewers. Plea not guilty.
18. John [illegible] vs [illegible] Bordell & Smethport R R Co. No. [illegible] term 1881. Appeal from report of viewers. Plea not guilty.
19. Charles Kruger, [illegible] vs Bradford, Bordell & Smethport R R Co. No. 120 February term 1881. Appeal from report of viewers. Plea not guilty.
20. W. Y. [illegible] vs Bradford, Bordell & Smethport R R Co. No. [illegible] February term 1881. Appeal from report of viewers. Plea not guilty.
21. [illegible] vs [illegible] Bordell & Smethport R R Co. No. [illegible] February term 18[illegible]. Appeal from report of viewers. Plea not guilty.
22. [illegible] vs Bradford, Bordell & Smethport R R Co. No. [illegible] February term 18[illegible]. Appeal from report of viewers. Plea not guilty.
23. [illegible] vs [illegible] Dunn. No. 21 [illegible] term 1883. [illegible] Plea [illegible] matter contained in the [illegible] &c.
24. George A. Walker vs James Scanlan. No. 414 February term 1884. Replevin. Plea non cepit and property.
25. Wm. Black [illegible] vs Albert Prandt. No. 5[illegible] February term 1884. Foreign attachment case [illegible] assumpsit, [illegible] Plea non assumpsit payment with leave &c.

J. B. BRAWLEY, Clerk.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 30, 1884.

EXECUTORS OF

THOS. R. FRISBEE

Estate, General Dealers in

DRY - GOODS,

GROCERIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles

CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1883. 3-ly

LEGAL.

Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm name of Van Wormer & Lampe is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said firm will be settled by F. M. Van Wormer, and all liabilities will be settled by said Van Wormer who is authorized to settle all accounts and sign the firm name for said settlements. F. M. Van Wormer will continue the business at the old stand.

F. M. VAN WORMER,
HENRY H. LAMPE.

Ceres, Pa., Oct. 16th, 1884.—44-4t.

Assignee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that N. D. Batterson of Mount Jewitt, McKean County, Pennsylvania, by deed of voluntary assignment, has assigned all the estate, real and personal, of the said N. D. Batterson to Thomas A. Morrison of said county and state, in trust, for the creditors of the said N. D. Batterson. All persons, therefore indebted to the said N. D. Batterson, will make payment to the said Assignee, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

THOMAS A. MORRISON
Assignee of N. D. Batterson.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26th, 1884.—40-6t.

SMETHPORT

BAKERY AND GROCERY

☞ A fine variety of Baking constantly on hand.

☞ Always a fine variety of Confectionery.

☞ As fine a variety of Teas and Coffees as can be found in the city, and as cheap as the cheapest.

☞ Butter, Eggs and Cheese constantly on hand, and goods sold cheap for cash.

☞ I am constantly adding Groceries to my stock, which I sell as cheap as can be had in the city.

☞ Give me a call and be convinced.

☞ Goods delivered free to any part of the city.

GEO. E. WOOD, Agt.

Mechanic street, below Wright House. 39-1y

The Largest Merchant Tailoring and Clothing House in America.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, Philadelphia.

A full line of card samples of the great piece goods stock will be found with

H. L. ARMSTRONG,
SALES AGENT,
Smethport, Pa.

THE

REMINGTON

Sewing Machine,

LIKE THE

REMINGTON RIFLE,

UNEXCELLED BY ANY.

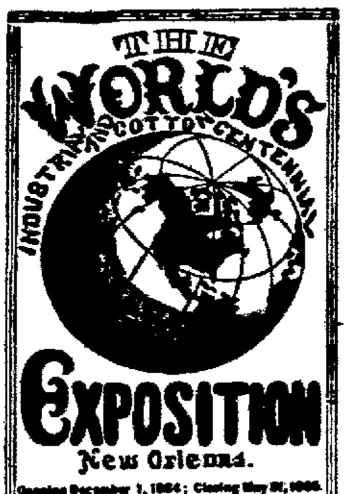
Sure to Give Satisfaction.

General Office, Ilion, N. Y.

New York Office, 283 Broadway.

Buying Agents Wanted.

THE WORLD'S INDUSTRIAL AND COTTON CENTENNIAL



EXPOSITION

New Orleans.

Opening December 1, 1884; Closing May 31, 1885.

—UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE—

United States Government.

$1,300,000,

Appropriated by the General Government.

$500,000,

Contributed by the Citizens of New Orleans.

$200,000,

Appropriated by Mexico.

$100,000,

Appropriated by the State of Louisiana.

$100,000,

Appropriated by the City of New Orleans.

From $5000 to $25,000,

Appropriated by Innumerable States, Cities and Foreign Countries.

Every State and Territory in the Union represented, and nearly all the Leading Nations and Countries of the World.

The Biggest Exhibit, the Biggest Building and the Biggest Industrial Event in the World's History.

APPLICATIONS FOR EXHIBITS ALREADY RECEIVED COVER MORE SPACE AND A GREATER VARIETY OF SUBJECTS THAN THOSE OF ANY EXPOSITION EVER HELD.

The cheapest rates of travel ever known in the annals of transportation secured for the people everywhere. For information, address

E. A. BURKE,
Director General, W. I. & C. C. E.,
New Orleans, La.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DON'T WORRY

Because you need a stove, but come to my store and get one for less money than you can purchase west of New York.

YOU CAN BUY

At your own figures, Hardware, Cutlery, Tinware. Everything you need in keeping house sold very low for cash at

L. W. MASON'S STORE,

Three doors west of the Kittredge Opera House building.

W. R. WEAVER. 1876–1884. L. EMERY, JR.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO

41 and 43 Main Street,

BRADFORD PENN'A.

GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE.

MANUFACTURERS,

IMPORTERS, AND JOBBERS.

HOUSE SUPPLIES,
PAINTS AND OILS,
WOODEN WARE,
BRUSHES, BASKETS,
GRANITE IRON WARE,
COMMON TINWARE,
BLACKSMITHS' SUPPLIES,
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

Solid Sterling Silver Spoons.

BABY CARRIAGES,

BOYS WAGONS AND CARTS,

GENERAL HARDWARE,

THE BEST KEDZIE WATER FILTER.

☞ You can purchase anything you want at this Establishment.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

BRADFORD, - - PA

MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA

Peruna is compounded wholly of [illegible]

Chronic Catarrh, Consumption, General and Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Chronic Rheumatism, Diabetis, Stone in the Bladder, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Diseases of the Stomach.

[illegible] (No. 3.)

MANALIN [illegible]

9 TIMES OUT OF 10

Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil

CURES

Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

99 TIMES OUT OF 100

Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil

CURES

A Cold or a Hoarseness.

19 TIMES OUT OF 20

Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil

CURES

Asthma and Diphtheria.

49 TIMES OUT OF 50

Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil

CURES

Croup and Affections of the Throat.

Price 50 cents and $1.00.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Health is Wealth!

DR. E. C. WEST'S
TREATMENT

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment [illegible]

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES. [illegible]

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists,

BRADFORD, PA.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM
CURES COLD IN HEAD
CATARRH
ROSE COLD
HAY FEVER
ELY BRO'S OWEGO

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Causes no Pain. Gives Relief at once. Thorough Treatment will Cure. Not a Liquid or Snuff. Apply into Nostrils. Give it a trial.

HAY-FEVER

[illegible]

There is no excuse for suffering from

CONSTIPATION

[illegible]

DR. HENRY BAXTER'S

MANDRAKE BITTERS

Will give immediate relief.

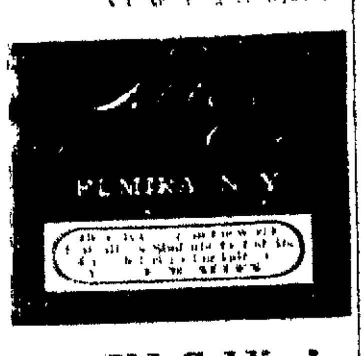
[illegible] Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, [illegible] Apoplexy, [illegible] ations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., [illegible]

[illegible] Sick Headache [illegible]

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Price 25 cts. per bottle.

[illegible]



An Old Soldier's

EXPERIENCE.

"[illegible] 1882.

"I wish to [illegible] of the value of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

[illegible] J. W. WHITLEY.

Thousands of testimonials certify to the prompt cure of all bronchial and lung affections, by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. [illegible]

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

CHARACTERISTICS OF CLERKS.

Peculiarities of the Different Kinds as Noted by an Observer.

[New Haven Register.]

How difficult it is to distinguish them [illegible] Proprietors [illegible] clerks [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] "floor walker" [illegible]

[illegible]

Youth's Heralds for the Stage.

[Harper's.]

[illegible]

The Painter of Water.

[illegible]

Mr. Wyllie [illegible] [illegible] the Zuyder Zee in storm and in sunshine in fact glorified nearly every canal in Holland.

The Desire to Be Gulled.

[Detroit Free Press.]

[illegible] who will pay their [illegible] the ruling passion on which the quack plays so successfully is the desire to be gulled.

Not Anonymously.

[The Current.]

James Payn, in his "Literary Recollections," now in course of publication in The Independent, earnestly advises young authors not to publish their works anonymously. "If one," he wisely says, "has any personality belonging to one (whether it is spelt with an 'e' or not) is just as well to claim it, otherwise some one is sure to do so."

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Like an old Creaky Window Shutter

That is the way a man's rheumatic joints sometimes are. Hinges old, rusty, and worn, and badly need oiling. The trouble is in the blood. A man who is of any account is worth repairing. The repairing can be done by means of Brown's Iron Bitters. That enriches and purifies the blood drives out the pains, and works complete restoration. Thousands testify to it from happiest experience. Mr C. H Hostler, 918 North sixteenth street, St. Louis says, "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for rheumatism general debility and prostration with the best results." Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Pure corn and oats feed $1.4 a hundred at H. L. Watson's.

Any housekeeper who sends of once the names of five married ladies at same address and 12 two cent stamps for postage will receive free for one year a handsome entertaining and instructive Domestic Journal, devoted to Fashions, Fancy Work, Decorating, Shopping, Cooking, and Household matters. Best paper published for Ladies. Every housekeeper wants it. Regular price $1. Must send now. Address DOMESTIC JOURNAL, Nunda, N. Y. 32-6m

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, can be cured by administering Dr Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects result from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Address, GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

Fine corn and oats feed made by Crouch Bros., Erie, Pa., $1.45 per hundred at H. L. Watson's.

The Brooklyn Bridge

After about fourteen years hard labor the great suspension bridge between New York and Brooklyn has been completed, and thus two large cities connected in a manner which was never dreamed of in Revolutionary times. It is indeed the crowning work of the century and can be classed among the wonders of this country. The suspension bridge at Niagara Falls and over the Ohio river at Cincinnati are merely foot bridges in comparison with it. Its dimensions history and cost are familiar with all readers of the daily papers and do not need to be repeated here but we do wish to speak of Peruna, the greatest discovery of this century. It is a medicine discovered by Dr S. B. Hartman of Pittsburg and prescribed by him in those cases during thirty years of continuous practice. Ask your druggist for the pamphlet entitled the "Ills of Life" which gives full and complete directions for the preservation of the health. Try Peruna it is a great tonic.

Best white wheat flour $1.15 a sack at H. L. Watson's.

New Testimonials o Dean's Remedies

Dear Sir—I hereby testify that I [illegible] Blood Liver and Kidney Cure about three months since [illegible] Mrs. J. R. Shoemaker, Smethport, Pa. Sept. 20th 1884.

The above testimony [illegible] Dean's Superior [illegible] Syrup Balm of Gilead [illegible] Manufacturer formerly of Prentiss Vale [illegible] Dean's Kane Pa.

[illegible] H L Watson's.

Our General or s' Changes

There is [illegible] Hartman & Co., [illegible] Ohio. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

What Struck an Old Soldier

[illegible]

"I Have Suffered"

With every disease imaginable for the last three years. Our Druggist T. J. Anderson, recommending "Hop Bitters" to me. I used two bottles! Am entirely cured, and heartily recommend Hop Bitters to every one. J. D. Walker, Buckner, Mo.

I write this as a Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop [illegible] Bitters. I was afflicted With inflammatory rheumatism [illegible] nearly Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any Good!!! Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope "You may have abundant success" "In this great and" Valuable medicine: Anyone! * * * wishing to know more about my cure? Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Washington, D. C.

—I consider your Remedy the best remedy in existence For Indigestion, kidney —Complaint And nervous debility. I have just Returned "From the south in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more Good! Than anything else. A month ago I was extremely "Emaciated" And scarcely able to walk. Now I am Gaining strength! and "Flesh!" And hardly a day passes but what I am * * * * * * * * complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop Bitters! J. Wickliffe Jackson, —Wilmington, Del.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

MISCELLANEOUS

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail,

FOR A

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked,

FOR

FRESH & SALT FISH

AND FOR ALL

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF

Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st

J. F. ROONEY.

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

IN

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

ALSO.

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

[illegible] AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main street, Smethport Pa

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

[illegible] SMETHPORT PA

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING!

A SPECIALTY.

The greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

[illegible] repairing done to order on short notice

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

Hotel for Sale.

[illegible] J. H. SEWARD East Smethport Pa

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

SCROFULA

For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, AYER'S SARSAPARILLA is the true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

CATARRH

"Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1882.

ULCEROUS SORES "At the age of two years one of my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore. **SORE EYES** Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous tendencies, and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results. Yours truly, B. F. JOHNSON."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

JAMES T. DONOHUE,

PLUMBER

SMETHPORT, PA.

In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water Gas and Steam Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc. 40.

AGENTS Wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. Hallett Book Co, Augusta, Maine.

[illegible]

Hay fever. A certain cure. Not expensive. Three months' treatment in one package. Good for Cold in the Head, Headache, Dizziness, Hay Fever, &c. Fifty cents. By all Druggists, or by mail. E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

AGENTS Wanted for [illegible] Books & Bibles [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRUGS

PATENT MEDICINES,

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STOR

OF

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Smethport, Pa.

W. T. CALLAR,

DEALER IN

DRUGS & MEDICINES!

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Wines & Liquors

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded

W. T. CALLAR SMETHPORT

E. B. McCOY,

Druggist & Pharmacist

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always on Hand.

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An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

Drugs and Medicines

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C

KANE, PA.

M. A. SPRAGUE'S

HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishnig Goods

SILVERWARE,

Cutlery, Lamps, Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and Best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice

STEWART'S

IRON-FIBRE

PAINT AND CEMENT

COLORS RED AND BROWN

All Ready for Use

For painting buildings, fences, bridges, roofs, &c., and for repairing and preserving roofs of all kinds. Guaranteed to be more durable and economical than any other paint or cement made. Send for circular to WM. H. STEWART, 74 Courtlandt St., New York. 38-3m

RISLEY'S WITCH HAZEL

Cures headache, burns, sprains, cuts wounds, rheumatism, earache, toothache, blisters, &c. Unequalled in quality at half the price, 6 oz. 25 cts. Pints 16 oz. 50 cents. Quarts $1 per bottle.

RISLEY'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU

Valuable in the cure of ulceration and irritation of the kidneys, bladder and urethra, strangury, gravel, gleet, gonorrhœa or whites, dropsy, pains in back, loins, &c. $1 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. C. F. RISLEY, 64 Courtlandt St., N. Y. 36-3m

WANTED! [illegible] Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. SALARIED [illegible] CHASE & HOUSICK, Brighton, N. Y. [illegible]

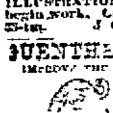
[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Leading Campaign BOOK!!

History of Growth, Development and Resources of the REPUBLIC. Review of past Administrations. BIOGRAPHIES of CANDIDATES, of 1884. Platforms of Parties. 500 Pages. FINE ILLUSTRATIONS. Send 50 cts for full outfit and begin work. Circulars free. Address J. C. McCURDY & Co. Phila., Pa. 23-4m

GUENTHER'S LUNG [illegible] ALER,



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COLEMAN Business

COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.

[illegible] More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life scholarship [illegible] Write for circulars. H. COLEMAN & ELLIS, Proprietors.

Steam Engines, [illegible] Engines and Boilers on hand [illegible] THOMAS [illegible] City

SWEET WORM POWDERS

A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS

Sleepless nights, convulsions and straightening out of the limbs in children are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS

They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in infants and children. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS

The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are

SWEET WORM POWDERS

They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try them

SWEET WORM POWDERS

When your druggist offers you anything else [illegible] take it but make him send for

E. K. THOMPSON'S

SWEET WORM POWDERS

Prepared at [illegible] Pa. Price [illegible] Sent by mail post free [illegible] cents.

Michigan Buggy Co.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.

Wholesale Manufacturers of all kinds of Open and Top BUGGIES and ROAD CARTS. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for catalogue and price list. FINE WORK A SPECIALTY

[illegible] CUTTERS [illegible]

MICHIGAN BUGGY CO. [illegible]

FERNANDO B. SMITH'S

PATENT SPRINKLER

AND

Novelty Force Pump.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY. SAVE YOUR FRUIT, SAVE YOUR FLOWERS. Save everything that makes home pleasant and profitable. It has no equal. It throws a strong stream sixty feet or more.

With the Sprinkler attached it spreads the water in a gentle shower or spray. For washing windows or carriages, and showering lawns, gardens and greenhouses. It has no equal. It is adapted to throwing liquid solutions of all kinds to destroy noxious insects and bugs of every nature on plant, vine or tree, and should be kept in every house, store and factory in the country as a protection against fires.—*Sold by Traveling Agents.* Send for circulars and price lists.

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Manufacturer & Patentee,

180 East 4th St., Canton, Ohio.

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D.W. Miller Carriage Co.

Manufacture a large variety of

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SEEDS AND PLANTS

Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens!

This Year's Catalogue Free on Application.

PETER HENDERSON & CO. 35 & 37 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

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A PRESENT OF $50.00

TO

Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!

THE GREAT

Cleansing and Healing Compound

Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. "Centaurine" has had a local reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of '59, when product of petroleum was discovered. This is no advertising dodge. The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Recommend [illegible] are found in its praise. It costs you nothing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation free from any mineral, and has a local reputation with Centaurine. They are put up in tin cans, retaining their medical properties while being used. The only true Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 35 cents per box.

Do not forget our

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great assister of nature in softening the hardened and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these valuable preparations, and if they don't prove as represented, get your present. Price 25 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENEMAN,

Pharmaceutists,

KENDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale at W. T. Callar's, Smethport, Pa.

THE NEXT PRESIDENT

WANTED one or two Ladies or gentlemen of undoubted reference and character will [illegible] ing to work, [illegible] Agents for "The [illegible] Travelling Agents. [illegible] WILL BE GIVEN [illegible] FREE. The Lives of the Four Candidates [illegible] Lives of the [illegible] Good pay to the right party. Address, giving name of reference to [illegible] Charles St. Baltimore Md.

Miscellaneous.

B. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians, and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath, my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box, can return the remaining two-thirds to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, Monroe, Texas, writes: "I suffered with Asthma 30 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to send for it. Publish this for the benefit of the afflicted." Should your druggist not keep the Remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of price. $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address B. LANGELL, Applecreek, Ohio.

Bradford Bordell & Kinzua Rail-Road Time Table. Takes effect Monday, Jan 1 1884

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.		1	3	5	7
		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Bradford	Dep	9 10	1 30	6 30	
Smethport	Ar	10 05	3 20	6 25	
Duke Centre		9 21	2 51	5 51	
Eldred		9 35	3 10	6 15	
Bolivar		9 51	4 11	7 11	7 30
Richburg		10 16	4 15	7 16	6 47
Allentown		11 15	4 35	7 35	7 45
Wellsville		11 40	5 10	8 10	8 20

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.		2	4	6	8
		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Wellsville	Lv	6 00	9 30	2 16	6 00
Allentown		6 25	10 05	2 45	6 25
Richburg		6 47	10 17	3 05	7 10
Bolivar		6 50	10 29	3 17	7 00
Eldred		8 00	11 00	4 30	
Duke Centre		8 19	11 49	4 30	
Smethport		8 30	11 20	4 16	
Bradford	Ar	9 00	1 10	6 00	

Through line between Bradford, Smethport Eldred and all points in the Allegany oil field.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—Leave Wellsville at 7:30 a. m. Allentown, 8.00 Richburg 8.17, Bolivar [illegible] Eldred, 9.30, Duke Centre, 9.40, Smethport, 9:30 arriving at Bradford at 11 10 a. m. Returning—Leave Bradford at 4 p. m. arriving at Smethport at 5.50 Duke Centre, 5.21, Eldred 5:40 Bolivar, 6.41 Richburg, 6.48, Allentown, 7:05 Wellsville, 7 40.

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan. 1, 1884.

Westward		Stations.	Eastward	
26	20		25	27
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
3 25	9 07	Ar Cuba Lv	10 00	5 00
1 35	7 25	Lv Little Genesee ar	11 45	6 45
1 15	7 10	Bolivar	11 25	6 56

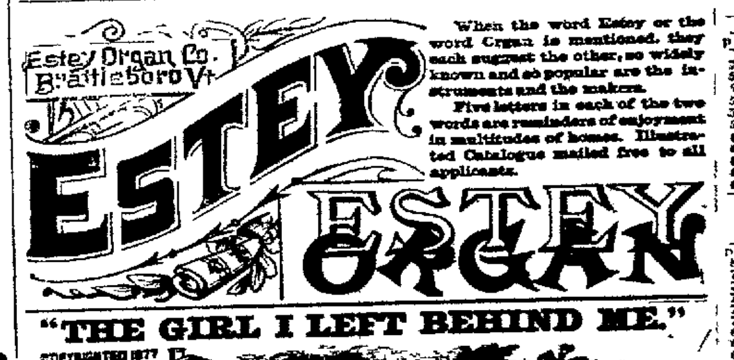
B. C. WILLIAMS Gen'l Manager

JNO C. McKENNA, G. P. A.

Duff's Mercantile College

A Business Education is the most profitable because it is the most useful. Our aim is to practically train young men for the actual requirements of this commercial age. Individual instruction. No vacation. Students can enter at any time. For circulars, address P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Duff's Book-keeping, published by Harper & Bros., printed in colors, 400 pages. The largest work on the subject published. A work for bankers, railroaders, business men, and practical accountants. Price $3.00 [illegible]



When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

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Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this picture, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF AMERICA. Has Haydock's Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Ask your dealer for the T. T. HAYDOCK BUGGY, with the Haydock Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel Life is insecure riding over any other

(This picture will be furnished on a large card, printed in elegant style, to anyone who will agree to frame it.) [ENCLOSE STAMP]

Send for Catalogue and Wholesale Price List.

T. T. HAYDOCK,

Cor. Plum and Twelfth Sts., CINCINNATI, O.

AGENTS WANTED WHERE WE HAVE NONE! NO INVESTMENT SO PROFITABLE!

Bring in Your Work Early

AND

AVOID THE GREAT RUSH!

THE

MINER OFFICE

IS NOW TURNING OUT AS

NEAT AND ARTISTIC

WORK IN THE

JOB PRINTING

Line as is done in any Establishment in this section of the state.

A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED

AND

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect June 4, 1884.

NORTHWARD			STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Ar. Lv.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Buffalo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
			Elma			
			Spring Brook			
			East Aurora			
			Wales			
			Holland			
			Protection			
			Sardinia Jun			
			Arcade			
			Yorkshire			
			Machias			
			Franklinville			
			Ischua			
			Hinsdale			
			Erie Ry Junc.			
			Olean			
			Bradford			
			Portville			
			Eldred			
			Larrabees			
			Sartwell			
			Turtle Point			
			Port Allegany			
			Liberty			
			Keating			
			Shippen			
			Emporium			
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	

		STATIONS.	
[illegible]	lv	Harrisburg	ar
[illegible]		Philadelphia	
[illegible]		New York	
[illegible]		Baltimore	
[illegible]		Washington	

CLERMONT BRANCH.

L'v Northw'd		STATIONS.	L'v Southw'd	
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Larrabees	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Frisbee	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Farmers Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Smethport	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Crosby	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Colegrove	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hamlin	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Warburg	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Clermont	[illegible]	[illegible]

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN DIVISION

EASTWARD

Bradford, Tarport, Babcock Mills, Derrick, Gillmor, Red Rock, Bells Camp, State Line, Knapps Creek, Rock City, Four Mile, Olean, Bolivar, Richburg: [illegible]

WESTWARD

Richburg, Bolivar, Olean, Four Mile, Rock City, Knapps Creek, State Line, Bells Camp, Red Rock, Gillmor, Derrick, Babcock Mills, Tarport, Bradford: [illegible]

Sunday trains leave Olean at 1.30 p. m. arriving at Bradford 5 18 p.m. Leave Bradford at 9 15 a. m. arriving at Olean 11 40 a. m.

KENDALL & ELDRED DIVISION

Eastward			STATIONS.	Westward		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Richburg lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
			Bolivar			
			Eldred			
			Prentisvale			
			Duke Centre			
			Rixford			
			Summit City			
			Dallas			
			Sawyer			
			Lafferty			
			Tarport			
			lv Bradford ar			

BRADFORD & KINZUA DIVISION

Eastward			STATIONS.	Westward		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Bradford lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
			DeGolia			
			Custer City			
			Song Bird			
			Flatwood			
			Marshburg			
			Wildcat			
			Morrisons			
			Dew Drop			
			Kinzua			
			via B. B. & W. RR			
			lv Warren ar			
			Irvineton			
			Tidioute			
			Oil City			
			Pittsburg			

ROCHESTER DIVISION

LEAVE ROCHESTER at 7 30 a.m and 3.35 p. m arriving at Olean [illegible] p. m and 9 [illegible] p. m. LEAVE OLEAN at [illegible] a. m and 1.35 p. m arriving at Rochester at 7 15 and [illegible] p. m.

W. S. BALDWIN, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Supt.

J. W. WATSON, Supt Narrow Gauge Division.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD PHIL. AND ERIE R. R. Division.

On and after August 1 1884 trains will leave Emporium as follows. For Philadelphia New York and the East, Baltimore, Washington and the South, 8 10 a. m. and [illegible] p. m. on week days.

For Kane, Warren, Corry, Erie and intermediate stations 11:25 a. m. on week days.

For Kane and intermediate stations 7:35 p. m. on week days.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R. R.

New Time Table, take effect Monday, Feb'y 17, 1884

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

EASTWARD			STATIONS.	WESTWARD		
Acc.	Mail	Exp	Eastern Time.	Mail	Exp	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Rochester lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
			Scottsville			
			Mumford			
			Leroy			
			Pavilion			
			Wyoming			
			Warsaw			
			Silver Lake Jun			
			Gainesville			
			Pike			
			Bliss			
			Farmersville			
			Machias			
			Ashford			
			Ellicottville			
			Bradford June			
			Salamanca			
			Carrollton			
			Limestone			
			Bradford			
			Custer City			
			Johnsonb'g Jun			
			Ridgway			
			Little Toby			
			Brockwayville			
			Falls Creek			
			DuBois			
			Carlisle			
			Sykes			
			Cramer			
			Big Run			
			Bells Mills			
			Punxsutawney			
			lv Clayville ar			
			lv Pittsburg ar			
			Alleg'y Val R'd			

BUFFALO DIVISION.

EASTWARD			STATIONS	WESTWARD	
Exp	Mail	Exp		Mail	Ex-
a. m.	p. m.			a. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	[illegible]		Ar Buffalo Lv	[illegible]	[illegible]
			William St. Dep		
			Orchard Park		
			West Falls		
			Golden		
			Springville		
			West Valley		
			Ashford		

Trains leaving Buffalo make direct connections at Ashford with all trains on the Rochester Division for all points east and west on this line.

The Express trains connect at Buffalo with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for points east, with L. S. & M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., and Grand Trunk, for all points in Michigan and West at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for the west and Erie R. R. for the east. The Express Trains leaving Buffalo connect at Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. and Erie railroads for points east and west; at Bradford with Narrow Gauge system for all points in Oil Regions; at Johnsonburg for all points on the P. & E. R. R. The afternoon Express from Buffalo connects at Falls Creek with A. V. R. R. for Pittsburgh and points east and west. Passengers from Pittsburgh for Buffalo and Rochester and intermediate stations, should take the Allegheny Valley R. R. train leaving Union depot, Pittsburgh at [illegible] p.m. Buffalo passengers take Belt Line [illegible] for William Street depot.

Connections for east and west are made at Rochester with the New York Central & Hudson River R. R., and at Salamanca with the N. Y. P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, Mansfield, Cincinnati, Chicago and the west, also with the Erie R. R. for Hornellsville, and eastern points at Bradford with the Narrow Gauge System to all points in the oil regions; at Ridgway with P. & E. R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, Philadelphia and Baltimore; at Falls Creek with Allegheny Valley R. R. for Pittsburgh, Wheeling Cincinnati, St. Louis and the west and south.

I. S. EMERY, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Superintendent.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Sept. 1, 1884.

Ar.	EASTW'D.	STATIONS.	L'V WESTW'D	
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	Coudersport	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Hammonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Olmsted	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Nelsons	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Pomeroy Bridge	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Burtville	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Silver Spring	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Coleman	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]